THE WASHINGTON BEE

VOL. 27 NO. 18 WASHINGTON, D. C., SATURDAY SEPTEMBER 28, 1907.

The Colored Vote

NEGROES DECLARE WAR.
ORGANIZING TO FIGHT TAFT AND ROOSEVELT.
WASHINGTON IS THE CENTER.
Plans Already Far Advanced in Ohio and New York—Makes the Taft Managers Anxious.

(Special Dispatch to the Baltimore Sun)

Washington, Sept. 22.—Taft supporters here are alarmed over the anti-Roosevelt-Taft movement of the Negroes of the country, who, it now develops, have been secretly organizing in Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and nearly all the large cities of the country, more particularly in New York State and Ohio, with the avowed purpose of defeating Secretary Taft for the Presidency, and also to prevent the re-election of President Roosevelt.

Mass meetings recently held in Baltimore, Washington, and other cities have proved to be only forerunners of permanent organization which is now being formed. While the hottest part of the fight is being conducted in New York and Ohio, it will be carried into all sections of the country where there is a formidable Negro vote, and operations will be conducted from this city.

W. Calvin Chase, a prominent Negro lawyer of this city, and editor of The Bee, a colored Republican newspaper, is the leader of this movement. Chase issues a statement in which he defies the Roosevelt-Taft element of the Republican party.

"The time has come,' he says, "for the Negro to assert his power in politics, and to that end an organized endeavor has been begun such as has never been undertaken in this country before. Appointment of Negroes to Federal positions by President Roosevelt will have no pacifying effect on the result. President Roosevelt and Secretary Taft have shown themselves to be the enemies of the Negro race. Senator Foraker has proved himself to be our friend, and the Negroes owe it to themselves to assist Senator Foraker in every way and to help in every way to rebuke President Roosevelt and Secretary Taft.

"I have no hesitancy in saying that if the convention does not hearken to us I will place the picture of the Democratic candidate for President on the first page of The Bee, and the organized Negro vote will be thrown to him. It is no party fight we are making."

The plan of campaign was outlined by Chase today. It has been indorsed by mass meetings of Negroes here, as this city is always the headquarters of Negro political activity. Work has begun in Ohio, Pennsylvania, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri and the South.

In Pennsylvania the Negroes are to support Knox. In Ohio they are to oppose Taft at every angle, to support Tom Johnson, and fight Theodore E. Burton in Cleveland, where Burtons entry into the mayoralty fight has made Taft an issue. In Indiana the Negroes will assist Vice President Fairbanks, and in Illinois Speaker Cannon In Missouri their influence will be used to defeat the purpose of Senator Warner to secure the State delegation for Taft.

If the Negroes assert their power in the Southern States they may secure enough delegates to wield the balance of power in the Republican National Convention. Missionaries of the movement are now busy in order that this power may be successfully asserted. If the Negroes should be arbitrarily turned down by the "Lily Whites" in the South they propose to send contesting delegations from every district, delegations distinctly anti-Roosevelt, who will support no candidate bearing the Roosevelt brand.

By way of appeal to the Negroes, President Roosevelt has just smashed a precedent by appointed a Cleveland Negro a major in the army. No Negro has held this rank before. The lucky black is W. T. Anderson, who has been chaplain with the rank of captain in the Tenth Cavalry, a Negro regiment. He will continue to serve in the same capacity, though with the rank and pay of major. The appointment is evidently designed to conciliate the Negroes of Cleveland and insure their support of Burton and Taft. It was with reference to this appointment that Lawyer Chase said that the use of patronage will not affect the hostile activity of the Negroes to the Administration.

That there may be no misunderstanding of where the District of Columbia Negroes stand, plans have been laid to have the District elect its two delegates to the National Convention in advance of any of the States. Always one delegate from the District is a Negro, and the other a white man. The Negro delegate will be Chase, it is said, and the white delegate an anti-Administration man. The issue will be definitely outlined at the primary election here, and the election of Chase will be sufficient declaration of war. Chase's influence among the ninety thousand Negroes in the District is such that his election is certain.

NEGROES IN THE WEST SPEAK.

Kansas City, Mo., Sept. 18, 1907.

Mr. W. Calvin Chase,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:—Following this letter is a marked copy of one of our daily papers, which speaks for itself so far as the Negroes are concerned. A great many of them here will resent anything that looks like Taft or Roosevelt. If either of the above is nominated, to the Democrats all ought to go.

If I can see straight, the national Administration has hit the Negroes one of the hardest blows possible, and it should be resented. Wishing you success, I am

Yours respectfully,
L. W. Spencer,
No. 7 West Sixteenth Street.

NEGROES RESENTING PRESIDENT'S STAND.

Organization Formed to Defeat the Efforts of Roosevelt.

From the Times.

Operating from Washington, some Negroes have formed an organization which has the avowed purpose of defeating the Presidential candidacy of Secretary of War Taft and of wresting party control from the Roosevelt element at the next Republican National Convention.

Treatment of the colored soldiers by the present Administration is the issue. W. Calvin Chase, a Negro attorney, and be in session for three days, but lasted editor of The Bee, is the leader of this movement.

"The time has come for the Negro to assert his power in politics, and to that end an organized endeavor has begun, such as has never been undertaken in this country before," said he in a statement today. "Appointment of Negroes to Federal positions by President Roosevelt will have no effect on the result. Senator Foraker has shown himself to be our friend, and the Negroes owe it to themselves to assist the Senator in every way, and to effect a rebuke of President Roosevelt and the Secretary of War."

Chase stated that if the convention did not hearken to the cry of the Negro, The Bee will flock to the Democratic party and carry the organized vote of the race with it. In Pennsylvania they are to support Knox, in Ohio they will support Tom Johnson, and vigorously fight Taft and Burton; in Indiana they are for Fairbanks, in Illinois for Cannon, and in Missouri they will attempt to defeat Senator Warner's efforts to swing the delegation for Taft.

NEGROES AGAINST ROOSEVELT

A Leader Says They Will Obey All of Foraker's Orders.

Special to the New York Times.

Washington, Sept. 17. — The Negro voters here are planning an attack upon President Roosevelt and Secretary Taft, which they believe will demonstrate their power and also appeal to the Negro vote throughout the country, in the selection of the delegates from the District of Columbia to the Republican National Convention next year.

W. Calvin Chase, the eidtor of a Negro newspaper, is engineering the scheme to administer a rebuke to Roosevelt and Taft for their action in the Brownsville affair by sending to the next Republican Convention two delegates from the District of Columbia who will steadfastly oppose the Roosevelt programme and support the antagonists of the Roosevelt policies.

Two-thirds of the Republican vote in the District of Columbia is colored, so the race has the power to carry out the programme of sending one colored man and one white man, as usual.

The Administration had Booker T. Washington working busily to head off the adoption of a resolution condemning Taft and Roosevelt by a colored Baptist Conference which has just closed here. Washington succeeded in forcing a compromise whereby Senator Foraker was indorsed with a reference in the resolutions to the Administration.

The appointment of a colored chaplain to the rank of major is interesting, and is regarded as a blow aimed by Secretary Taft at the head of Mayor Tom Johnson of Cleveland.

The President and Taft are worried lest the colored vote of Cleveland be cast against Congressman Burton in the pending mayoralty contest.

In discussing the plans of the Negoes Chase said tonight:

"In Illinois the negroes will support the election of Cannon delegates; in Indiana they will be for Fairbanks, and in Pennsylvania for Knox. Everywhere in national politics they will implicitly obey the orders of Senator Foraker.'

Continued on 4th page.

Do Not Be Deceived

Lake Charles, La., Sept. 20, 1907.

Editor of the Washington Bee:

Will you allow me space in your most valuable paper to call the attention of the colored voters of the country to the Lake Charles Daily Press of September 18?

A NEGRO APPOINTED — PRESIDENT ORDERS a "BLACK" TO BE MADE MAJOR.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 18.

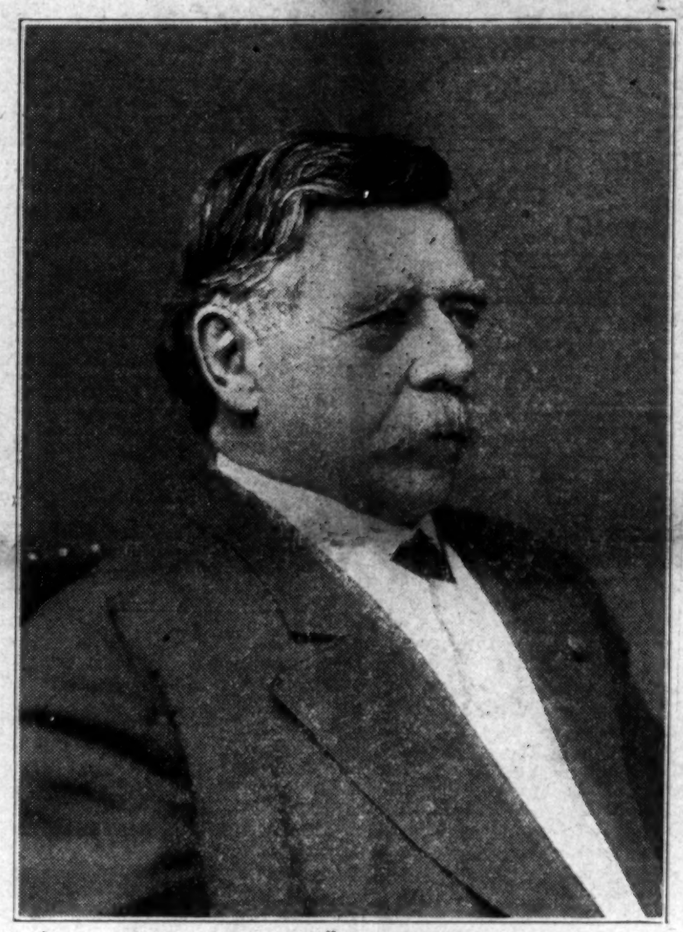
The stress which the Administration places on the Negro vote in Ohio in the fight to land the Republican Presidential nomination to Secretary Taft and to win the black vote in Cleveland, Ohio, city election for Representative Burton in his contest for the mayoralty against Mayor Johnson, the Democratic nominee, has just been illustrated by an unprecedented and somewhat sensational stroke of Executive policy.

For the first time in the history of the United States Army the title of major has been conferred upon a Negro. The beneficiary of this unprecedented promotion, Rev. W. T. Anderson, of Cleveland, for ten years a captain of the Tenth Cavalry. It became known today that the appointment was made at the request of George Meyers, of Cleveland, for years a lieutenant of Senator Mark Hanna, and whose special assignment was the looking after the "cullud" brother from the South in the National Convention, and Ralph Tyler, the Columbus Negro, recently appointed Auditor of the Navy.

As stated ,the appointment of Anderson as a major was to accomplish a twofold purpose; that is to ingratiate the candidacy of Representative Burton for Mayor of Cleveland and to avert the threatened stampede of Negro delegates from the Republican National Convention.

Now, Mr. Editor, is it possible that the colored voters of the great State of Ohio and the city of Cleveland will be deluded by the man of the horse at Wasihngton, and forget the Brownsville (Texas) affair, and allow a few Federal appointments of their race to office make them forget and lose sight of the injustice done to them by the man on the horse at Wasihngton? If the Administration at Washington, D. C., has so much love for the "black" brother of this country, why did he discharge the Twenty-fifth Infantry without giving them a chance to prove their innocence. Before the colored voters of Cleveland vote for Mr. Burton they should first ascertain from Mr. Burton if he is against Senator Foraker's endorsement for the United States Senate. These are questions that should be asked Representative Burton and his friends, and if satisfactory answer is not given then the colored voters should not vote for Burton. I appeal to you, my brother, to stand by Senator J.B. Foraker against the man on the horst at Washington, or any of his lieutenants in office or out of office.

Yours truly,
R. O. Clayton.



SENATOR WARNER, OF MO.

DR. J. E. SHEPPARD

GREAT MEETING AT PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Dr. James E. Shepard Speaks Under the Auspices of the White Y.M.C.A. on the Religious Education of the Negro —The True Solution.

He said in part that the Egyptians, ten thousand years before our historical knowledge, were fashioning skiffs, mats, etc., out of the bullrushes of the marshland, were making pottery out of clay, and knives out of stone; but they passed off the stage of action and have been practically forgotten.

The Greeks and the Romans practiced both higher and industrial education, but have been lost in the onward march, because they neglected soul training.

He stated that the thousands of dollars given to higher and industrial education have not been wasted, but that the race will never make permanent progress until religious education be made the rallying cry; hence the motto: Change the men and the environments would be changed by the man.

No race could make substantial progress upward unless the highest ideals were constantly held before it; these ideals were not found in industrial or higher education, but in religious and moral education. In an education that taught lessons of restraint as well as lessons of service.

The Biblical injunction, Seek ye first the kingdom of God and His righteousness, and all these things shall be added unto you, must be the ruling passion. He showed where religious education could lessen crime, reduce violence and promote that Christian tolerance between the races that would stand in the hour of need. The greatest ovation that has ever been accorded any colored American was given to Dr. Shepard by this white Young Mens Christian Association. His address was eloquent, logical and pathetic. After the exercises he was tendered a reception.

DR. SHEPARD.

The Plainfield Courier News, of Plainfield, N. J., in speaking of Dr. Shepard, says this:

Dr. Shepard spoke on the Negro question and brought the matter of solving the race problem before the people of this city in an entirely different way from what it has heretofore been discussed.

The argument advanced by Dr. Shepard is that to give the Negro industrial and higher education alone is not enough to elevate his standard and that he also needs a Christian education if he is to become a better man.

Dr. Shepard said some people contend that the higher education of the Negro has been a failure, and that the money spent in trying to elevate the black man has been thrown away; but this is not a fact. However, the race that devotes itself to industrial and higher education alone must fall. In substantiating this phase of his argument Dr. Shepard referred to the ancient Greeks and Egyptians, and to the magnificent Roman cities, all of which have passed away.

The fundamental principles of every life, regardless of color, should be built upon something stronger and more lasting, he declared.

The Negro, North and South, continued, Dr. Shepard, has been taught an emotional religion. He has been taught that to shout and make a noise would land him at the pearly gates of heaven, but he has not been taught to have regard for the obligations he owes his fellow-man.

Here Dr. Shepard told an anecdote of an old Negro slave who one day ran to his master, shouting, "Massa, I'se got religion; I'se got religion!" "Well, Uncle John," replied the master, 'I am glad you have religion. Now you will be honest, love your family more, and be a better man, won't you?" "Yes, sah' massa, I will," replied the slave. "Well, Uncle John you owe me fifty cents; you will pay that won't you?" and the religious Negro replied: "Now, massa, see hyar; religion is religion, and business is business."

What the Negro wants, continued Dr. Shepard, is a change of ideas, something that will awaken the sluggish, dormant energies within him and turn his mind into a channel of usefulness to his fellow man and his God. There is entirely too much talk of social equality. The Negro does not want social equality, and those who teach him that he does are a detriment to the Negro race. What he does want is a fair and equal chance to work out his destiny.

This can be best accomplished by a thorough Biblical education, which will elevate the thoughts above the sordidness of the world and will stop crime of all kinds. There will be no idleness, and violence will cease because it teaches the lesson of self-restraint, and builds up a better citizenship, stopping the great human waste that is found in the chain gangs of the penitentiaries throughout the country.

Therefore the solving of the race question is a moral and religious one. The industrial and higher education can come afterward.

The meeting was opened with prayer by the Rev. J. W. Turner. A choir of twenty voices from the various colored churches of the city rendered vocal solos. Dr. Shepard is an eloquent speaker and an interesting conversationalist. His idea of solving the race problem is perhaps the most practical there is.

TO KEEP VOICES OF WORLD'S NOTABLE MEN.

Phonographic Records Containing Utterances Will Be Preserved at Congressional Library.

Washington, D. C., May 18.—A movement is on foot to install at the Congressional Library a department of phonographic records containing the utterances of statesmen and other distinguished men from all parts of the world. The idea started with the gift of a phonograph record of an address delivered by Kaiser Wilhelm. An attempt will be made to have the leading men of the country talk into the phonograph, and records thus made will be sent to the Library.

The Smithsonian Institution has some most interesting records of Indian dialects and the authorities propose to follow the example of the French and Australian governments to preserve famous voices of the stage as well as of the forum. No doubt the first record to be made for the Congressional Library will be the voice of President Roosevelt, to be followed by records uttered by members of his Cabinet, the Vice President, the Speaker and members of the Senate and House.

BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD

Popular excursions to Niagara Falls, only $10 round trip; August 2 and 16, September 6 and 20; October 6, 1907

Excursion tickets will be sold on the above dates, good going only on Special Train leaving Washington at 7.45 a.m., arriving Niagara Falls at 11.00 p.m.

Tickets valid for return ten (10) days, including date of sale, on all regular trains, except "Black Diamond Express," of Lehigh Valley Route.

Call on ticket agents for pamphlet giving full particulars as to stop-overs, side-trips, etc.

BALTIMORE AND OHIO EXCURSION.

Sunday, September 29.

$1.00 Harpers Ferry and Martinsburg and return.

$1.35 Berkeley Springs and return.

$2.00 Cumberland and return.

Special train leaves Washington at 8.15 a.m.

A mammoth cave of natural ice has been discovered in the Black Butte Mountains near Sisson, Cal.

PARAGRAPHIC NEWS

By Miss Beatriz L. Chase.

Mr. A. S. Watkins, of Montgomery, Ala., has announced himself as a candidate for General Secretary, V. C. E. of the A. M. E. Zion Church, in the spring of 1908.

The following Washingtonians were elected officers at the recent meeting of the I. C. A. E. Nobles of the Mystic Shrine at Richmond, Va.: Messrs. W. H. Severson, Charles Freeman, J. O. Bumpfield, and J. H. Livey.

The Fifteenth Annual Session of the Washington District Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church at Pomomky, Md., was presided over by Rev. Alfred Young, presiding elder for the district.

Mr. John Johnson died in St. Georges Hotel, Brooklyn, and his body was sent to Chicago, his home.

Some of the newspapers censure the recent Baptist convention for not condemning President Roosevelt; others criticise the ministers for making mention of the Brownsville affair.

Mr. J. J. Plantevigne was ordained to the Catholic priesthood last Saturday at Baltimore and celebrated his first mass at St. Francis Xavier Church last Sunday.

We think Mr. Booker Washington has as much right to use the word "black" as a newspaper has to say it is "America's Greatest Race Journal."

The funeral of Rev. Cornelia Wheeler, who died suddenly the 10th inst., took place last Monday from Mount Zion Methodist Episcopal Church at 8 p.m.

"As collector of paragraphic notes there is no one in Washington who can equal Miss Beatriz Chase, of The Bee. She sees everything."—Star of Zion.

We thank the Star of Zion very much for the above notice, and hope to prove ourselves ever worthy of its consideration.

The funeral services of Mr. Thomas A. Hughes, a respected citizen of Savannah, Ga., were held last Sunday afternoon from First Baptist Church, Savannah.

It is said that Mr. James Booker, colored, of Chester, Pa., has been given a life position by the Sun Oil Company as a reward for his honesty in returning $3,000 which was lost.

An elaborate program has been arranged for the Second Annual Arkansas State Fair. The opening day will be "Arkansas Day," October 3rd.

Miss Blanche Thomas, of Pensacola, Fla., who graduated from Howard University last June, will teach at Daytona, Fla., this fall.

Mr. W. H. Fielding, of Indianapolis, Ind, was a representative to the Brotherhood which met in the city this week.

"A Negro Savings Bank," which has a capital stock of $350,000, has as its president Judge M. Gibbs, of Little Rock, Arkansas.

Seven workmen and one girl were executed at Lodz, Russian Poland, last Monday, on assassination charge.

Many residents of this city were injured in the wreck on the Southern last Sunday morning.

The steamer Jane Moseley, with about three hundred colored excursionists on board, was disabled last Sunday evening. The accident occurred near Alexandria.

Representative Longworth denied the report that he was to be Republican candidate for Mayor of Cincinnati. He said, "I would not accept the honor if it were given me unanimously."

The Feast of the Tabernacles was celebrated at the different Jewish synagogues in the city after sundown last Sunday.

Joshua Gwynn, a prominent colored resident of the county of Baltimore, died last Saturday at his home, at the age of about eighty years. Mr. Gwynn was worth about fifty thousand dollars at the time of his death.

Wu Ting Fang has been appointed to his former position as minister from China to the United States.

The Census Bureau reports that more cotton was used during the year which ended August 31 than in previous years.

For twenty years milk has been eight cents a gallon wholesale, but the Milk Producers' Association has increased it to twelve cents, and the consumers will doubtless have to pay more for their milk now.

Mr. W. R. Griffin has been reappointed as chief of the Washington Division of the U. O. T. R.

The Washington Herald and the Post say China should not send Wu Ting Fang to Washington, because he is unable to cope with important matters

Continued to page four.

TIRED.

OTTO PRAEGER.

p cresc.
I am wait - ing for the
INTRODUCTION.
Lento.
Basso marcato.
dim.
eve - ning. With the si - lence and its dream; I am wait - ing for the star - light
For the pale, cold sil - ver beams. I am wea - ry of the tu - mult, Of the
accel.
splen - dor and the light; I am long - ing for the dark - ness, And the
sostenuto

Copyright.

dim.
lone - li - ness of night; Pale night will lay her pop - y On my fore - head and my
breast, Her voice] will mur - mur o'er me. Soft - est lul - la - by's of
ritard.
a tempo.
rest; The stars will watch my slum - bers, The low wind vig - il
ritard.
a tempo.
keep;.... While I for - get that ev - er I must wak - en out of sleep

Gillette Safety Razor

No Stropping, No Honing

Set consists of 12 double-edged blades (24 keen cutting edges) with triple silver-plated holder in velvet lined case. Each blade good for an average of more than 20 satisfying shaves. Handle and blade guaranteed to be perfect in material and workmanship. Sold by leading Drug, Cutlery and Hardware dealers.

Inquire about SPECIAL FREE TRIAL OFFER.

Gillette Sales Company, 21 Times Building New York City.

W. B. CORSETS

The W. B. Reduso

is the ideal garment for over-developed figures requiring special restraint. It has an apron over the abdomen and hips, so boned as to give the wearer absolute freedom of movement.

REDUSO STYLE 750 for tall, well-developed figures. Made of a durable coutil in white or drab. Hose supporters front and sides. Sizes 22 to 36. *PRICE, $3.00*

REDUSO STYLE 760 for short, well-developed figures. Made of white and drab coutil. Hose supporters front and sides. Sizes 24 to 36 *PRICE, $3.00*

W. B. NUFORM and W. B. ERECT FORM CORSETS

are built hygienically—they do not press or strain anywhere. Their lines are your lines, their shape that of your own figure. They make a bad figure good and a good figure better.

ON SALE AT ALL DEALERS

Erect Form 744	(Stout Model)	of Imported Coutil	*$2.00*
Nuform 403	(Slender Model)	of Coutil or Batiste	*1.00*
Nuform 447	(Stout Model)	of White Coutil	*3.00*
Erect Form 720	(Average Model)	of Coutil or Batiste	*1.00*
Nuform 738	(Average Model)	of Imported White Coutil or Batiste	*2.00*
Nuform 406	(Medium Model)	of Coutil or Batiste	*1.50*

WEINGARTEN BROS., MAKERS, 377-379 BROADWAY, N. Y.

MAKES LAUNDRY WORK EASY.

Follow These Rirections and You Will Lighten Labor.

You can do a morning's work in one hour and a half by following these directions:

Put eight cents' worth of borax, five cents' worth of salts tartar, five cents' worth of powdered ammonia, and one package of potash into five quarts of boiling water. Turn one quart of water onto the potash first and let it stand until cool, then add the rest. Let the mixture stand 24 hours, and it is ready to use. This makes enough for 20 washes.

When ready to use, take one coffee cupful of the "Quick and Easy," shave half a cake of soap, and add them to your boilerful of clothes. Boil half an hour. A good rinsing in your bluing water is all that is necessary, unless some collar or wristband is very much soiled.—Harper's Bazar.

NEW WAYS OF SERVING EGGS.

When the Palate Becomes Tired of the Old Preparations.

There are a good many articles of food which are digested easily, but which lack flavor and the palate easily tires of them. One of these is eggs, and the difficulty can be overcome by serving them with some decided flavor. Tomato sauce, anchovy toast, stewed celery, and many other things will suggest themselves to the mind of the housekeeper who is seeking to make this easily digested nutritive food acceptable to some member of her family. Sometimes it can be flavored with a sprinkling of cheese, sometimes worked into the diet in some other form as custards. The principle in dealing with the simple foods for invalids or people who have some difficulty in nutrition is to use flavors in different forms with discretion to avoid tiring the taste and yet give the amount of nutrition necessary under cover of different flavors.

Regenerate Salts.

Smelling salts can be made to last for years if fresh spirits are poured over the balls of salt from time to time, so as to keep up the original strength of the mixture. Many people use spirits of ammonia in this connection, but a still more powerful specific may be found in a combination of this spirit with oil of lavender, in the proportion of two parts of the former to one of the latter. In procuring the ammonia, however, care must be taken to avoid choosing aromatic spirits of ammonia in error, the water which it contains preventing it from amalgamating with the oil.

Potato Fritters.

Take one pint of boiled and mashed potatoes, one-half cup of hot milk, [illegible] tablespoonfuls of butter, three tablespoonfuls of sugar, two eggs, a little nutmeg, one teaspoonful salt. Add the milk, butter, sugar and seasoning to the mashed potatoes, then add the eggs, well beaten. Stir until smooth and light, spread about one-half inch deep on a buttered dish and set aside to cool. When cold cut into squares, dip into beaten eggs and in bread crumbs, fry brown in boiling fat and serve immediately.

Fig Jelly.

Pick over, wash and soak over night in cold water one pound of cooking figs. Cook in the water in which they were soaked over a very slow fire until tender. Drain off the liquid and to each pint of it add the juice of two lemons, a half cup of sugar and a half ounce of gelatine, soaked beforehand in three tablespoonfuls of cold water. Strain through a jelly bag into molds wet with cold water, and set aside until cold; then put in the ice chest until firm. Eat with cream. The jelly should be a rich amber color.

The Baby's Bib.

Danish angora cloth is splendid material for infants' bibs on account of its weight, and it launders beautifully.

The embroidery should be done with a fairly heavy cotton and the stitches should be close and even.

If daisies are used in embroidering the bib they should be worked in satin-stitched, the leaves voided, or, in other words, worked from mid-vein to edge on both sides. French knots may be used to fill the centers.

A lingerie button and a little loop close the bib at the back.

Ice Cream Cake.

To the yolk of one egg and the whites of three add one cupful of sugar, one and three-fourths cupfuls of flour, one-half cupful of sweet milk, one-half cupful of butter, one-half teaspoonful of cream of tartar. Bake in loaf.

Icing—Beat the yolks of two eggs, to which add eight tablespoonfuls of powdered sugar and flavor to taste.

Boston Ginger Bread.

Place together one cup of molasses, one-half cup of butter softened, one-half cup of sugar, two eggs, one cup thick sour milk, one teaspoonful each of ginger and cinnamon, one and one-half teaspoonfuls soda sifted with three cups of flour; beat; bake in a loaf; serve warm, garnished with whipped cream.

Dainty Pudding.

Cut an angel food cake around the center; put on a thick layer of sweetened whipped cream, and on top of this place marshmallows close together. Then put on a thin layer of whipped cream; place on the other half of angel cake, then whipped cream, and last of all the marshmallows.

Fruit Cake.

Four eggs, beaten separately; one cup sugar, two cups molasses, one-half cup sweet milk, one and one-half cups butter, one pound each figs, dates, raisins, currants, and nuts; one-half pound each candied orange and lemon peel; one-half pound citron; one teaspoonful each cinnamon, spice, cloves, and nutmeg; one teaspoonful baking soda, sifted with five cups of flour. Chop and flour well separately all fruit, mixing a little at a time in the batter. Put in a well greased pan and bake in a slow oven two and one-half hours.

GROWTH OF THE TELEPHONE.

Millions of Instruments Are in Use in This Country.

Washington. — Statistics issued at the close of the year 1906 show that there were in use in the United States alone more than 7,000,000 telephones, while an aggregate of a little more than 6,000,000 miles of wire was used for telephone service.

The telephone industry gives employment to 90,000 persons in the United States, an increase of 171 per cent. in six years, while during the same period the number of stations has increased 239 per cent. and the wire mileage 349 per cent.

There is little doubt that much of this increase is due to the general adoption of the so-called message rate system in place of the flat annual charge formerly in vogue. By making the charges proportional to the number of calls the use of the telephone has been widely extended both because of the greater willingness of people to become subscribers under such conditions and because the system gives an incentive to the local telephone companies to give good service and encourage the use of the telephone.

Another cause for the increase in the number of telephones in use is doubtless the extending number of large business buildings in various cities, since the telephone is an absolute necessity in the modern tall building, making it possible to transact business as well from the twentieth story as from the ground floor. The installation of the telephone in every suite in the modern hotel and large apartment house accounts for a portion of the increase.

SHAVES HUSBAND TO BUY RUG.

Head of Family Undergoes Torment to Help Wife Get Carpet.

Trenton, N. Y.—When the new rug is laid in Grace Baptist church, about four yards of it will be consecrated to the fortitude of Henry Lonsdale. Every thread represents a whisker which Lonsdale submitted to a razor wielded by his wife.

Mrs. Lonsdale is a member of the Ladies' Aid society, which planned to buy the church carpet on the self-denial plan. There is some difference of opinion on this point, the men asserting that Lonsdale showed himself a martyr, while the women are congratulating the wife.

While other women baked bread and sewed, Mrs. Lonsdale decided she would shave her husband, and charge him 15 cents for the operation. It is not on record how Lonsdale first received the proposition, but the fact that he consented to act the victim is proof that his wife has the true religious spirit.

For four months did Lonsdale go through the shaving process. He once believed that a shave once a day was a necessity, but under the skillful manipulation of his wife he discovered that he could get along on three shaves a week.

Only once did Mrs. Lonsdale ask: "Does the razor hurt?" He did not swear; he did not groan, but the look of anguish was enough.

ED. PINAUD'S HAIR TONIC (EAU DE QUININE)

LILLIAN RUSSELL,
the beautiful actress, says:

"Without question, an indispensable adjunct to a lady's toilet table. Exceedingly meritorious in preserving the hair and causing it to retain its lustre."

You can make your hair beautiful and improve your personal appearance by using **ED. PINAUD'S HAIR TONIC** every day. It cures dandruff and stops falling hair, because it goes to the root of the trouble. **FREE!** A sample bottle of **ED. PINAUD'S HAIR TONIC** (3 applications) for 10 cents to pay postage and packing.

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An exquisite perfume for the handkerchief, sachet and bath. Used by women of fashion in Paris and New York.

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FROM ONE FORMULA

SIX TASTY AND ATTRACTIVE DISHES MAY BE MADE.

Ingredients Required Are Simple and Always on Hand—Dutch Rolls a Welcome Addition to Any Menu.

I have found, after a great many experiments, that no less than six tasty, attractive and extremely economical dishes may be made from this one simple but reliable formula, properly carried out, writes "A. M. B." in the Delineator. The ingredients required are: One quart of sifted flour, five teaspoonfuls of baking powder, half a cupful of butter, one small teaspoonful of sugar, half a small teaspoonful of salt and sufficient milk to make the dough of a soft consistency.

My method of mixing is to sift the baking powder with the flour. I then add the butter, which must previously have been cut into small pieces, and follow with the sugar and salt. I mix all these ingredients together thoroughly with the hands, rubbing the butter well into the flour, after which I add the milk. I then mix as lightly and handle as little as possible.

With this dough as a foundation it will be easy to prepare any one of the following dishes:

1. **Tea Biscuits.**—Place the dough on the mixing-board and flatten it with the hand until it is no more than an inch in thickness, but do not use the rolling pin upon it. Cut the biscuits with a tumbler, cup or biscuit cutter, and bake in a buttered tin, in a moderate oven for about half an hour.

2. **Dutch Rolls.**—Roll the dough out until it is about half an inch thick; then dot it with small bits of butter, about half an inch apart. Sprinkle generously with sugar, and roll as if making a roly-poly; then cut in slices, each about an inch thick, and bake in a well-buttered pan in a hot oven for about an hour.

3. **Raisin Loaf.**—Make he mixture as directed, but add half a pound of raisins before adding the milk; then bake in a bread tin, in a slow oven for three-quarters of an hour.

4. **Shortcake.**—Mix as directed; then bake in a round tin for half an hour. Split the cakes and butter them while hot; afterwards place a layer of fresh fruit or preserves between them and serve with sifted sugar and whipped cream.

5. **Roly-Poly Pudding.**—Mix as directed; roll the dough until it is about half an inch thick; then cover it with fresh fruit and roll it up. Place it in a granite dish or earthen bowl and steam for half an hour. If preferred, the dough may be covered with jam or jelly, and, after being rolled up tightly, baked, a process that will take about three-quarters of an hour.

6. **Pie Crust.**—This mixture will also make a good, plain pie crust, and is especially good when used in making meat pies.

(Copyright, 1907, The Delineator, New York.)

Oriental Trinkets.

Everything oriental is fashionable this season, from the material to the buttons and buckles. Old Chinese character buckles are seen on the newest belts and red and yellow Chinese chameleons set in jade are extremely smart, according to a writer in Dress. Many of the newest rajah suits are ornamented with Japanese coral buttons set in rims of dull gold, or large silver gilt buttons with the Chinese dragon. Even with the Marie Antoinette fichus are worn pins of scarabeaus wings in oriental designs set with amethyst, coral, or turquoise

Boiled Salad Dressing.

Yolks of three eggs, one teaspoon mustard, one teaspoon salt, two tablespoons sugar, dash of cayenne, two tablespoons melted butter or oil, one and one-half cups rich milk, one cup hot vinegar, one and one-half tablespoons cornstarch. Bring the milk to a boil in double boiler; heat the vinegar to the boiling point. Mix dry ingredients thoroughly and moisten with a little milk. Add yolks and beat into hot milk alternately with hot vinegar. When cooked smooth and thick stir in butter or oil.

To Clean Furniture.

Go over the furniture with a cloth dipped in parafin oil and allow it to stand for an hour, which will loosen the dirt. Next wash the furniture with a suds made of pure soap and rain water. Rub very dry with a soft cloth and polish with a piece of white flannel dipped in turpentine. This will not injure a piano, but restores the brilliant polish. Furniture gets dull because it's dirty and needs to be cleaned with soap and water.

Ruffled Net Curtain.

To do up ruffled net curtains, stretch out on a sheet after starching. Pin just to the ruffles and leave until dry. Take up and iron only on the ruffles, dampening as you go along. This will leave the curtain perfectly straight.

Telegraph Clothes Line.

An ordinary telegraph wire makes a better line to hang clothes on than the usual rope line, as it does not break, sag or rot. It is wiped off easily and made clean.

New Piping.

The increasing demands for piping has made the progressive dressmaker seek for some more perfect and easy method of making her dress trimmings. The shops are now showing bias-seamed tapes made of good quality and in every shade.

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A HINT ON ENTERTAINING.

How One Woman Has Done Away with Much Labor.

A woman who does her own work and yet likes to entertain a good deal has brought order out of chaos and made the work lighter for herself by limiting her dinner to three hot dishes. She serves first iced canteloupe, grape fruit or oysters, according to the season; then meat, potatoes and one vegetable. Salad and dessert are prepared before hand, and so is the coffee. She serves all but the three hot dishes—which, of course, must be brought from the kitchen—from a small serving table at her side, which has two shelves beneath it and an outstanding bracket shelf for the clean and used dishes. The coffee, in a French coffee pot, stands on one of the brackets of the serving table and boils merrily until required.

PLUMS SERVED IN BATTER.

Dessert That Is Especially Popular with Masculine Palates.

Make a batter with two beaten eggs, five tablespoonfuls of flour, rather more than a pint of milk, and a pinch of salt. Remove the stones from a quart of large, ripe plums, crack them, put the kernels inside of the plums again, mix the fruit with two heaping tablespoonfuls of moist sugar and stir it lightly into the batter. Turn it into a buttered pudding dish, and bake in a hot oven until done, about 40 minutes. Sprinkle powdered sugar over the top and serve hot with half a cupful of butter, one cupful of sugar and one well-beaten egg stirred to a cream and flavored with half a teaspoonful of nectarine. This dessert is especially popular with masculine palates.

Belt for Old Gloves.

Every girl finds in her possession one or more pairs of discarded long gloves. Pretty and durable suede belts can be made from the same by simply ripping up the seam and cutting off the hand. The glove is then the right shape for the belt when opened out and two pieces joined in the center. Line the glove with silk cut on the bias, turn over the edges and stitch on the machine. Also stitch the back and finish with three gold bosses or flat buttons covered with kid cut from the hands of the gloves. Another way of finishing is to tie the kid in three or four small bows. For the front use a pearl buckle or a small steel one covered with the feather.

To Clean Trimmings.

Among the new embroideries are those in raised silver and gold work. These are handsome and expensive, and one who knows says they should never be brushed in the ordinary way of cleaning trimmings, but that a piece of crimson velvet should be taken and rubbed very slowly and gently over them. Of course, we are all familiar with the use of black velvet as a dust cloth for hats and fine black materials, the fine nap penetrating and carrying away dust without injury where nothing else could, but what virtue there is in crimson velvet, aside from its texture, is hard to guess, but it is possible, of course, that there may be some effect in the dye used.

Cold-Water Process of Canning.

Wash the fruit thoroughly, and in case of rhubarb cut into small pieces, as for pies. If gooseberries are used, top and tail them. Pack into glass jars that have been sterilized and then fill the jars to overflowing with freshly drawn water. Put on the covers and let them stand overnight. By the next morning you will find that the fruit has taken up more or less of the water, and that there is quite a vacuum to be filled. Drain off the water and fill again with fresh cold water to overflowing, letting the water come with sufficient force to drive out any air. Then seal closely and put away for winter use.

Gooseberry Preserves.

For every quart of rough red gooseberries which have been stemmed and ended, take one pound of white sugar, dissolve it in the preserving kettle with enough water to make a thick sirup. Let boil 20 minutes, skimming well; then put in the gooseberries and boil five minutes; then set by until the next day, when boil again until they have a clear look and the sirup is thick. Pour into hot jelly glasses and cover when cool.

Milk-Stewed Potatoes.

Into double boiler put three cups of milk, one quart of sliced raw potatoes (measure after slicing), salt and pepper to taste. Keep covered and cook till tender—about an hour. Then beat two eggs, add one cup milk, and taking the boiler from the fire, mix with potatoes, stirring quickly, then set boiler back for few minutes to cook the eggs.

Mint Punch of Ginger Ale.

Make a rich lemonade by boiling one quart of water and one cupful of sugar together for five minutes and adding the juice of five lemons, the grated rind of one, when the sirup is cool. Put into the punch bowl with a lump of ice in the center and add one quart of ginger ale. Bruise the leaves and stems of half a dozen sprigs of mint and add to the punch a quarter of an hour before serving.

Iron Rust on White Goods.

To remove iron rust from white goods which have been spotted by the wash kettle rub a cut lemon over the spots to wet them fully with the juice. Then rub on salt and hang them out in the sun to dry. If the spot is not removed by the first application repeat the process.

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PAYS $3,600 FOR A DOLLAR.

Collector Gets a Silver Coin Stamped 103 Years Ago.

Philadelphia. — A single United States silver dollar of the coinage of 1804 brought $3,600 here the other day at the sale of the collection of the late M. A. Stickney, the best price during the sale except $6,200, which a dealer paid for a famous Brasher's New York doubloon, the face value of which is only $16.

There are but six specimens of the 1804 dollar known to be extant, one of which is now at the mint in this city. Stickney received the rare coin on May 9, 1843, from the local mint in exchange for other coin.

It weighs a trifle less than 415 grains, and, having been kept in a chamoise bag, it is extremely fine and brilliant.

Before it changed hands again today at the end of 64 years, dealers and collectors vied with one another in raising its value with their spirited bidding. Mr. Chapman, who finally carried it off, opened the bidding with $1,000. His competitors run the price up in jumps of $250 at a time, until the price had soared to $3,000. Then Mr. Chapman's bid of $3,600 got the treasure.

Equally interesting was the bidding for an 1815 United States half eagle, which was finally captured by S. H. Chapman for $2,000. This coin is of great rarity, there being only six ex-

Washington, Pa.—After twice securing a license to marry the same girl, the second attempt proved successful, and Albert Hatfield, of Amwell township, wedded Sarah Amos. A year ago Hatfield took out a license, but on the day for the wedding the girl backed out after the clergyman was ready, saying she would rather remain with her mother. Hatfield returned the license and wanted his fee returned.

Miss Amos decided the other morning that she was ready to be married, and sent word to Hatfield. Without waiting to change his clothes, Hatfield came to Washington from the harvest field, obtained another license and, hurrying back home, secured a clergyman. The ceremony was performed in the afternoon.

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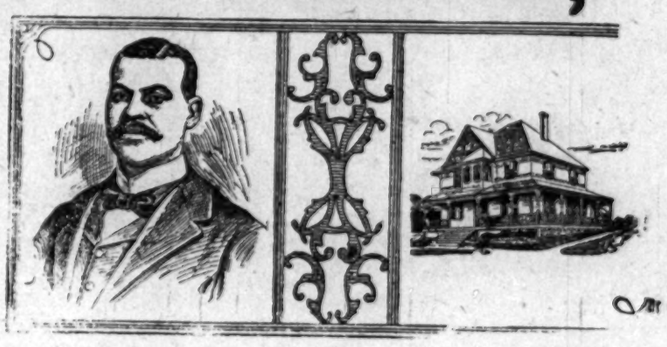

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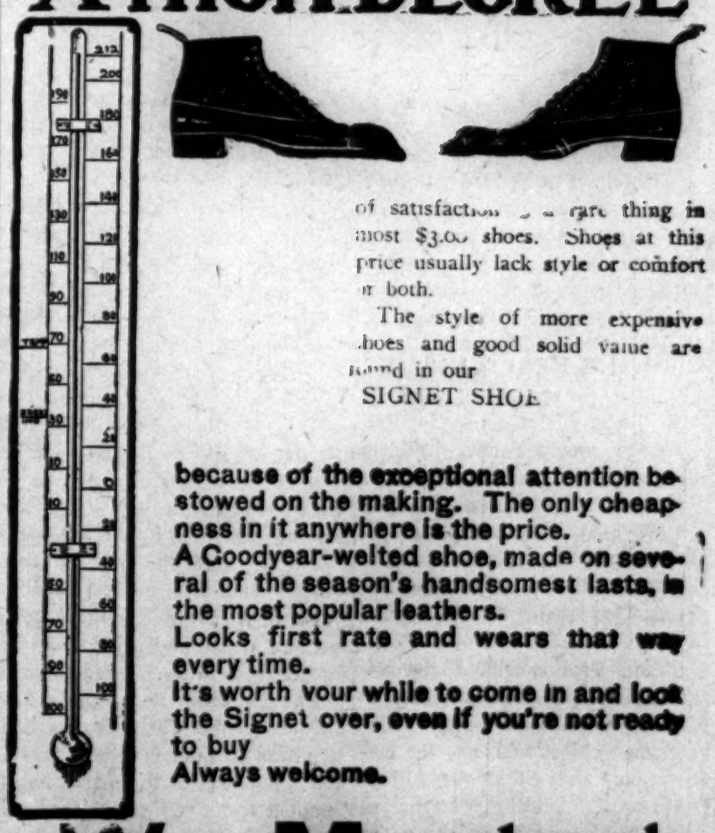

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W. CALVIN CHASE, EDITOR.

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CITIZENS PROTEST.

The colored citizen believes in protests. Their protests are merely momentary and non-effective.

Many of them are easily persuaded and diverted from their former position. For the last ten years or more several well-known colored citizens have been protesting against the longer retention of the principal of the Minor Normal School. Many of them claimed that their daughters were unfairly marked and otherwise badly treated. The Bee has been very much surprised to see these very same individuals with petitions in hand going from citizen to citizen begging them to sign to have the principal retained. Just what cause these sudden changes The Bee is unable to state. Some time ago two of these same individuals came to The Bee office and requested the publication of a report that they had submitted to the then superintendent, Mr. Stewart, against the principal, which The Bee declined to publish unless it was paid for. This report was submitted by two persons who had grievances against the principal on account of their daughters.

The Bee was more than surprised to have received a communication from one of the same individuals commending the principal in the highest terms, which The Bee declined to publish.

If the principal was guilty in the first instancet, she was guilty at the time the last communication came in, and if she was innocent in the first instance she was innocent when the last communication came in..

The Bee has always endeavored to treat its patrons fairly, but when hypocrisy is demonstrated to the satisfaction of The Bee it is going to be exposed, no matter who is stung.

The principal of the Normal School has been reinstated, and The Bee is of the opinion that those who have played hot and cold should come from under cover and show their manhood as well as their womanhood. The principal has made a good fight and won, so give her credit for the victory.

THE NEGRO IN 1908.

It will be well for the Republican party not to deceive itself in 1908, so far as the colored vote is concerned. The colored vote will support men, and not parties.

If any of the three strongest parties in the country — the Socialist, Democratic or Republican —puts up strong men for President and Vice President, the colored vote will decide for itself.

If the Republican party nominates men objectionable to the colored vote, and either the Democratic or the Socialist party nominates men acceptable to the entire colored vote, that vote will go where it is to its best interest.

The Socialist party thus far has offered greater inducements to all claims of Americans, irrespective of color or condition than either the Republican or Democratic party.

The colored American must open his eyes as well as his ears. The Republican party might as well understand now that the colored Americans don't intend to be hoodwinked by any more promises.

We are told that theDemocratic party in power means the political enslavement of the colored Americans. They can't be any more enslaved than they are today under Republican rule.

The Bee believes and it is confident that there are thousands of good Democrats in this country, men who believe in the Constitution, who are favorable to the colored Americans and will do all in their power to enforce that instrument. We don't mean the poor white trash. We mean white men and women who have hearts and souls.

All that the colored Americans have got to do is to make themselves good and law-abiding citigens, men who will get trades, and women who will make god wives.

The colored vote in 1908 will be an uncertain quantity.

GAG RULE CONDEMNED.

There are evidences everywhere of dissatisfaction at the conduct of Rev. E. C. Morris, president of the National Baptist Convention, in coming out of the chair and using the power of his position and the influence of his personality to thwart the evident will of the convention with his compromise resolutions. It will be remembered that Rev. Morris is responsible for the bringing of politics in the convention by alluding to politics in his address at the opening. When he said that the colored people were prejudiced against President Roosevelt because he treatedSouthern white people with consideration he uttered a manifest untruth; and if he does not know what he said in that connection was untrue he is wanting in that intelligence which should be the quality of a man who is the official representative of two million of fellow-religionists. It is manifest that tne Rev. Morris' usefulness as a religious leader is at an end. No intelligent man who is now outside the Church of Christ will ever be brought in by his exposition of the plan of salvation. He has sacrificed his influence as a teacher of religion to his ambition to be a political henchman. The following editorial from The Florida Standard shows how his own brethren think of him:

"Rev. E. C. Morris will find that he has lost thousands of his most ardent admirers because of his gag rule in the Convention just closed at Washington, D. C., which truly means the organization of another National Baptist Convention."

WHY SHOULD WE?

There is a desire on the part of the Administration to sugar-coat the colored voters of the country by appointing a few of their number to office.

The Standard, in Kentucky, stated a few days ago that the colored Americans would forgive the President and support him once more. Just who made this editor so wise The Bee is unable to state. There may be a few officeseekers, or otherwise known as "pat" hunters, that will follow blindly the Roosevelt-Taft combnation. But the sensible colored Americans will not be influenced by a few sickly jobs that may be dished out by the President.

The friends of the President have stated that he has made a blunder. Why doesn't the President come out like a man and say so, and reinstate those brave colored soldiers.

The President did not stop; he did not report; because his next step was to besmear the character and reputation of the man who attempted to defend the colored soldiers agains the unwarrantable attack of the adminstration.

He left the Executive Mansion and went all the way to Cleveland, Ohio, and forced a man to be nominated for Mayor of Cleveland to give his prestige to defeat the friend of the colored Americans who dared to stand up and oppose the President.

Will the colored Americans then play the coward and show themselves to be ingrates to the man who has championed their cause Will the colored voters of Cleveland desert Senator Foraker ? If a colored man in Cleveland has permitted himself to be a sacrifice for the President, to defeat the friend of the colored Americans, it is the duty of every colored man who believes in liberty to cut the entire Republican ticket.

This is not the time to express any sympathy for men who are inimical to the best interest of colored Americans, because they call themselves Republicans.

It is the duty of every colored American to rganize at once for his own salvation.

We are told that the Republican party freed the Negro, and that he has no conscience. If that be true, the time has come for conscience to "lie still, more lives have yet to be drained. Crowns secured by blood must be by blood maintained."

THE COMMITTEE QUESTIONED.

Before anyone should be charged with an offense the accuser should be in possession of unmistakable evidence.

If we are to listen to rumors upon the public streets, there would not be an innocent person in the city of Washington.

It is quite evident that some irresponsible person informed the two members of the Board of Education that the recent committee that conducted the examination for the position of supervising principal resorted to questionable methods in the conduct of the examination to pass the successful candidates.

This is a grave charge to make against reputable examiners who have successfully conducted examinations for every candidate of importance who has been before that committee. Then just why the principal of the Armstrong Manual Training School should be reflected upon and charged with being a party to unfair dealings The Bee is at a loss to conjecture.

This city is full of meddlers and busy-bodies who are continually furnishing false information. Why was not the positive proof presented?

The Superintendent of Schools was right when he said that he would not be investigated. His honesty and integrity had been questioned. The other two members of the committee, Miss Briggs and Mr. Mattingly, are two persons of the highest integrity. The Bee would like to have seen its friend win out. He failed completely,The Bee is informed. Must The Bee charge the committee with unfairness? By no means would it be guilty of such conduct.

Then, again, there is no teacher at the head of our schools who deserves more commendation than the principal of the Armstrong Manual Training School. He has done more for the young men who graduate from his department than all of his accusers..

COLORED AMERICNAS.

It is indeed very strange that colored Americans are different from all other nationalities. They don't believe in resentment, and neither are they revengeful. Many of them are too timid to resent a wrong that is inflicted upon them, it matters not how grave it is.

The coming great political conflict will decide whether they will follow blindly the political teachings and policies of the present Administration, or whether they will seek new fields of clover.

The present Negro leadership is humiilating and degrading. It has lost all of its virtues and manhood rights. It is composed of sucklings and pigmies, and its catering ambition is cowardice.

The colored American is always willing to forgive and return to the fold of the masters. The Secretary of War, Mr. Taft, is giving his glittering generalities and many are willing to be influenced by their false lights. The colored American is told that he must not desert the Republican party, notwithstanding its false promises and defective issues.

The rank and file of this new leadership will go down to coming ages as the most cowardly that ever breathed the air of freedom. The old slave, prior to reconstruction possessed more courage, more manhood and more common sense than this new generation of academic or college butterflies.

THT TITLE GRADUATES.

Since the Emancipation of the colored Americans they have more or less graduated from every academy or college of the highest standing in the United States.

The colored American who has graduated from Amherst, Yale, Harvard or Princeton, does not possess the manhood that other graduates possess who receive degrees from colleges conducted by their own nationality. They don't come in contact with their own people, except as teachers, and when they do they seem to have that fear that characterizes all cowards when they are confronted by the white man.

They don't understand their own people, and the white man will not permit them to understand him.

There is perhaps one colored man in this country who has had the happy faculty of graduating from a white institution that thoroughly understands his own people.

The Bee has failed to see any bright stars among colored Americans who have had the privilege of graduating from any of the colleges named. There is something lacking. What that something is is beyond the conception of The Bee. Highsounding titles don't make the man or the scholar.

HOME RULE?

This word is a dream to the citizens of Washington. Any old stager that comes to this city is placed in control of affairs, and the citizens are relegated to the rear.

This is a peculiar city. The citizens, to a great extent, will not govern themselves, and when others attempt to govern them they soon become disgruntled.

The Bee has endeavored to point out to the people the wrongs that exist against them, which seems to have no effect whatever. The interloper walks in, takes charge of our public and private institutions with the greatest degree of impunity, and if there is any resentment they lose what they already possess.

Home rule is a dream to the citizens of Washington. They once realized its fruits, and by their own acts lost it. They lost everything that was beautiful, everything that was beneficial, and if things continue they will be lost themselves. There will be a time some day when the people will represent themselves.

THE COLORED VOTE

Continued From 1st page

AGAIN THE WILY FORAKER

THIS TIME IT'S THE DEVELOPMENT OF NEGRO ANTI-ROOSEVELT PLAN.

The Plan Is to Make the District of Columbia a Center for Spreading the Doctrine to Other Places.

From the Kansas City Times.

Washington, Sept. 17.—In the campaign which has been planned by Negro agitators against the Roosevelt administration the District of Columbia is to take the lead. It is promised that two anti-administration delegates, one of whom will be white and the other a Negro, shall go to the National Convention to vote against any candidate the Administration may indorse.

One of the men already agreed upon is W. Calvin Chase, lawyer, and editor of the rantankerous Negro publication, The Bee. Behind it all, of course, is Joseph Benson Foraker.

Approximately there are 20,000 Negro voters in the District, one-third of the total Republican strength. Ever since the Brownsville order the Negro paper has been clamoring for such action on the part of Afro-Americans as would show the politicians that the race could not be discriminated agains with impunity. It has been realy hostile to the President and his Secretary of War.

The plan now devised as a keynote to the Southern States is an early primary and the adoption of resolutions demanding that the Negroes of the National Capital rise in their might and rebuke Roosevelt. Taft is to be denounced as the creature of Roosevelt, whose nomination to the Presidency will menace the political well-being of the black race. Negro leaders here will ask their people in all Southern States to co-operate in making their influence felt before the nomination is made, to the end that the Republicans may put forward a candidate who will not preclude their support of the nominee at the polls. Coupled with the anti-Taft declaration will be another proclaiming the many virtues of Joseph B. Foraker.

The same political influence behind the anti-Taft movement endeavored at the Negro Baptist Conference which has just concluded its session here to have anti-Roosevelt resolutions adopted. Booker Washington came to Washington to prevent this action and, with the aid of conservative influences in the Negro ranks, succeeded in forcing a compromise. The resolutions ignored the Administration, but extolled the virtues of Foraker. It is, of course, surmised that the influences behind the Negro movement are those which have always been hostile to the President. If persevered in it will precipitate contests in nearly all the Southern States. The plans of the Negro leaders provide that with a declaration on the part of the District of Columbia Negroes, early in the winter the Negroes of Georgia, Mississippi, Alabama, South and North Carolina, Texas and other Southern States shall make similar demands on the party. Where the party machinery is in the hands of the "Lily Whites' the Negroes intend to hold their own conventions and select their own delegates. In discussing the plans of the Negroes W. Calvin Chase, editor of The Bee, said:

"There isn't any doubt about the success of our plans in the District. We are determined to make our fight regardless of the consequences. The appointment of Negroes to office will make no difference whatever. In Illinois the Negroes will support the election of Cannon delegates, in Indiana they will be for Fairbanks, in Pennsylvania for Knox. In the States where the "Lily Whites" of the South control the Republican organizaton the Negroes will send contesting delegates. They will certainly elect delegates in most of the Southern States. In Cleveland this fall they will vote for Tom Johnson, and everywhere in national politics they will implicitly obey the orders of Senator Foraker. As for me, I shall not hesitate to put the name of the Democratic candidate at the head of my paper if any a very good man, but is the creature of President Roosevelt.

"What's the matter with Taft? He is a very good man, but is the cheature of Roosevelt."

The following is an amusing note to the Editor, with an Associated Press dispatch:

Planning War on Roosevelt.

Washington, Sept. 18. — The Negro voters of the National Capital are planning an attack upon President Roosevelt and Secretary Taft in order to demonstrate their power here and they also will appeal to the strength of the Negro vote throughout the country in the selection of the delegates from the District of Columbia to the Republican National Convention next year.

Washington citizens have no vote on anything that counts directly in their government, but they do get a chance to express their opinions in the selection of delegates to the National Conventions.

W. Calvin Chase, the vitriolic editor of a Negro newspaper here, The Bee, is engineering the plan to administer a rebuke to Roosevelt and Taft for their action in the Brownsville affair by sending to the next Republican convention two delegates from the District who will steadfastly oppose the Roosevelt programme and support the antagonists of the Roosevelt policies.

"W. C. Chase.

"Sir:—Judging from this, I fear you niggers are erecting for yourselves a magnificent graveyard. You better cail it off, and call it loud. If you don't, the Republican party, that gave you birth and gave you freedom, will turn you over to the Democrats 'for good.' and they won't do a thing to you. They love you for your past, and they will cut you from Government employ.

"There will be no coon police, no coon letter carriers. It will be (Wanted, Help) no coon need apply. Hotels will cut the coon out, and the grave you are "digging" will be prosperous.

"Don't be a d——n fool just because you have piles.

"One Who Helped to Set You Free."

PARAGRAPHIC NEWS.

Continudd From 1st page

which will undoubtedly arise.

The request of the family of General Cecil Clay to have his funeral quiet was complied with, and his remains were buried at Arlington last Wednesday.

The International Brotherhood of St. Andrew convened last Wednesday, and delegates from all sections where English is spoken were in attendance.

The Government has given up the idea of building a permanent landing pier at Jamestown, because the terms with owners of the land needed are not satisfactory.

Mr. Austin L. Crothers, of Maryland, has been stricken with typhoid fever and is out of the race as the Democratic candidate for Governor of his State.

The Commissioners have been asked for an appropriation of $262,840 by the Washington Playgrounds Association.

Last Monday the public schools opened, and two days later the halls and classrooms of Howard University were thronged with students eager to begin another years' work.

It is said that under the new prohibition law of Georgia, ministers and deacons who pass wine are liable to be indicted.

"HELLO, BILL!"

The Minnesota Delegation Captures The Elks Grand Lodge for St. Paul.

From the Appeal, St. Paul, Minn.

Last week the National Grand Lodge of Improved Benevolent Protective Order of Elks of the World was held at Chicago. There were about one hundred delegates and forty thousand visitors present, and the biggest time Afro-Americans ever had in Chicago was the result. Minnesota sent as delegates from Gopher Lodge, No. 105, St. Paul, T. H. Lyles Samuel G. Thompson, I.Welborne Ames Lodge, No. 106, Minneapolis, sent C. H. Hinds and C. W. Dwyer; Zenith Lodge, No. 110, Duluth, sent Albert Johnson, and there were a number of enthusiastic Elks who went to help them.

They had a very large time in Chicago. The Grand Lodge was intended to five days and two nights.

The Minnesota delegation w ent with the main object in view of capturing the Grand Lodge meeting of 1908, and they worked like beavers and succeeded. The invitation was extended by S. G. Thompson, Esq., in a speech that took things by storm. Boston, Cleveland, Buffalo and Richmond were competitors for the honor of entertaining the august body, but St. Paul beat them all and secured the coveted prize and the meeting will be held in the Saintly City during the last week of August of next year.

Some idea may be gained of the magnitude of such a meeting when it told that there were 348 automobiles and carriages, over 500 footmen and 10 bands in the great parade at Chicago. There were over 4,000 present at the grand ball at Tattersall's.

It is safe to say that there will be 25,000 visitors in St. Paul next year.

Besides the work of the delegates named above, much credit is due for capture of the Grand Lodge to the diplomatic and arduous labors of W. W. Goodwin, Grand Deputy; D. C. Cotton, Andy Combs, S. R. Walker, N. H. Casey, J. H. Hickman, Jr., R. M. Johnson, Andy Shepherd, James Hyde, John Dudley, Walter Roots Chess O'Neil, Robert Shaw, R. Dillard, C. H. Hamilton.

The Minnesota delegation was quite conspicuous in the parade, being led by the great Eighth Regiment Band. The delegation was also entertained by Lawyer W. W. Johnson with an automobile party, taking in Manhattan Beach, Sans Souci and the White City. In the party were Grand Secretary J. W. Holmes, Grand Est. Loyal Kt. John Brown,Grand Esy. M. Shoecraft, Capt. James Carson, Grand Deputy W. W. Goodwin and Editor J. K. Marshall. All returned home highly elated with the treatment they received and with their success.

The Grand Officers were elected as follows: G. Ex. R., W. E. Atkins; G. E. L. K., F. J. Harper; G. E. L. K., John Calloway; G. E. L. K., H. B. Phillips; G. S., J. W. Holmes; G. T., C. H. Brandy; G. E. L., M. Shoecraft; G. I. G. T. Frazer.

The Grand Lodge will be entertained by Gopher, Ames and Zenith Lodges during its stay in our city, all joining hands to give the members a royal welcome.

GOOD MEN.

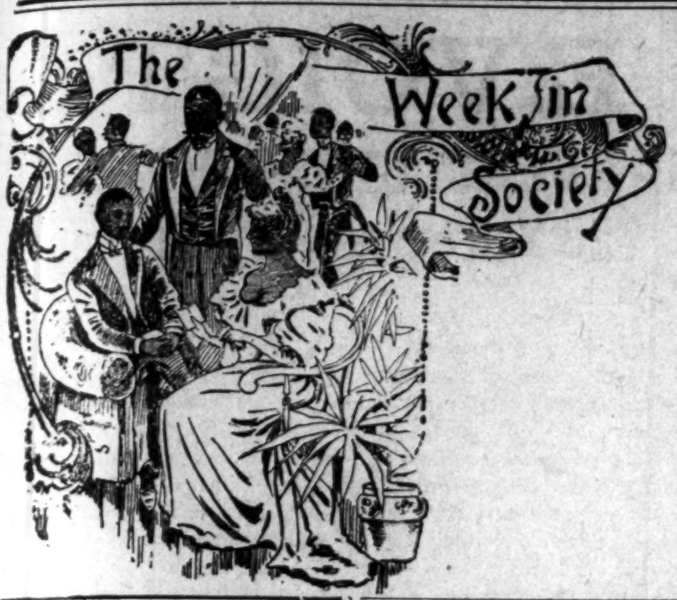
A very prominent white member of the bar, in speaking of good men to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Judge Louis I. O'Neal, stated that he would like to see a colored member of the bar appointed to the vacancy. He named Attorneys L. M. King, James A. Cobb and Fountain Peyton.

Attorney King is one of the best civil lawyers at the bar, and has made remarkable progress since he has been in active practice.

There are other members of the bar doing well—Attorneys James Pollard, Hughes and Gray, Bundy and Walker, Martin and many others.

The M. W. Eureka Grand Lodge of Compack Masons for the District of Columbia held its quarterly communication at the hall, Second Wednesday. Considerable business was transacted. Brother Robert Norman, Thirty-third degree, Grand Master; H. F. Frazer, Thirty-third Degree, R. W. G. Secretary; D. F. Seville, Thirty-third Degree, Past G. Master, Grand Lecturer and Visitor For the Masonic Jurisdiction.

Chief Powderly of Bureau of Information, Commerce and Labor, states that he has for aliens 256,400 jobs paying from $3.00 per week to $3.50 per day. This is one of the reasons that the native Americans, both white and black, but especially the blacks,cannot get work and living wages in this country.



Miss Bertha E. Syphax, of Washington, D. C., who has spent two months visiting New York, Niagara Falls, and Canada, returned home this week, after a delightful trip. While there she was the guest of Mrs. W. H. Purnell and daughter, Miss Marjorie, who entertained in her honor.

She returned home, carrying love and best wishes of numerous newly - made friends, souvenirs of many social events, and a hearty good-will from all.

Mr. W. H. J. Malvin was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. Walker during the convention of the Shriners in Richmond, Virginia.

Miss Julia Wyche, of Charlotte, N. C., expects to remain with her brother, Mr. N. L. Wyche, of this city.

Mr. S. P. Spears, of Charlottesville, Va., will spend this winter in Washington.

Mr. Harrison Carrington, of Norwich' Conn., who will attend school at Howard, has arrived in the city.

Miss H. Keelan was among the guests of honor entertained by Miss P. E. Hardy at her home, Boston, Mass.

Mr. H. Young and Mr. E. Stokes, of Baltimore,were recent visitors to Washington

Miss Mary Walker, who spent much of her vacation with home folks inCharlottesville, Va., began her school work with the opening of our schools.

Miss Maria Hillman made the visit of Mrs. K. Harris and Miss Irene Baker, of Williamsburg, very pleasant while here.

Miss Maria L. Jordan was entertained by Mr. and Mrs. Emory T. Norris,Cambridge, Mass., and many of the social people were invited to meet Miss Jordan of our city, and Miss Carrie Farley of Richmond, Va.

Mrs. Robert Neeley entertained a host of ladies at her home, Denver, Col., in honor of Mrs. Stacy Henry, of this city.

Miss Annie Charity had a delightful visit to the Misses Sprague, of Yonkers, New York.

Mrs. Belle Ingram is visiting relatives and friends at Augusta, Ga.

Dr.Thomas Jones returned to the city this week.

Miss Bessie Foster, of Savannah, Ga., who was here to the convention, will visit several Northern cities before returning to her home.

Miss M. Pryor went to visit her sister, Mrs. Mary Lewis, in Virginia.

Mr. W. H. Hawkins has returned to the city to continue his course in the Medical Department of Howard University.

Mrs.JaneJohnson,who went to attend the funeral of her sister, Mrs. N. C. Dawson, has returned.

Bishop G. W. Clinton, of Charlotte, N. C., was in the city last Saturday. He had been West holding annual conferences.

Rev. W. A. Ray, of Metropolitan A. M. E. Zion Church, South Washington, attended the A. M. E. Zion Conference last week at Pittsburg.

Mrs. H. J. Green and daughter, Katrina, of Charlotte, N. C., the guests alternately of Mr. and Mrs. J. Edgar Smith and Bishop and Mrs. J. W. Smith, left this week for Philadelphia.

Miss Caroline Dudley, of New Berne, N. C., an accomplished school teacher of the graded school, who has been visiting theJamestownExposition, is the guest of Bishop and Mrs. J. W. Smith this week.

Bishop J. W. Smith, who will leave next week for the Southwest, to be gone until December, to hold his annual conferences in Tennessee, Mississppi, Louisiana, Arkansas and Texas, preached in Baltimore last Sabbath. His wife will join him a week later in his travels.

Mr. Stephen H. Johnson and his wife, of Nashville, Tenn., have been in the city several days, the guests of Mr. Stephen H. Johnson, of 1752 Seaton street northwest. They left for Jamestown, Va., after having been so royally entertained by their friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Underdown, proprietors of the California Fruit Store and Delicatessen Dining Rooms, located at 14th and S street northwest, together with the Gleaner Publishing Company, of Knoxville,Tenn.,composed of James L. and Noah W. Smith, tendered the Tennessee delegation to the National Baptist Convention (Monday evening, September 16) a reception and banquet, which proved to be one of the most pleasant episodes of the convention. The affair was one long to be remembered; the hostesses, Mrs. Alexander Underdown and Mrs. James L. Smith, made the vistors feel perfectly at home.

Mr. James L. Smith introduced Rev. Alexander C. Garner and Lieut. R. E. S. Toomey, through whose remarks a hearty welcome was extended to the Tennessee delegation and visitors; these remarks were responded to by Revs. C. A. Bell, of Chattanooga,Tenn., and J. Eldridge, of Knoxville, Tenn. Among those present of this city were Rev. ames A. Garner and wife, Lieutenant Toomey, Attorney at Law Mr. James A. Davis, Attorney at Law Mr. R. P. Rhea, Mr. John Nicholas, Mrs. M. W. Clair, Dr. May Williams, Misses Julia and nna Bush, Nellie Robinson, Mittie Hall and C. Knox.

Mr. and Mrs. Underdown well sustined their reputation as caterers, for never was a table more beautifully dressed nor delicacies more excellently prepared.

Mr. H. C. Conley is kept very busy these days attending to correspondence from all parts of the South in regard to dates for the appearance of Prof. R. T. Greener, who will make a tour of the South giving an illustrated lecture, with animated views, on the Negro in America and broad; foreign scenes, and musical selections of a high-class order. Everybody seems to want to see and hear him.

The Pelican Social and Literary Club gave a reception at Dr. May B. Williams, residence, 1928 Eleventh street northwest, Sturday evening, in honor of the Louisiana delegates to the National Baptist Convention.There was more than one hundred present to hear the many musical selections rendered, solos, and a beautiful violin selection by J. A. Porter.

Mrs. W. B. Porter sang, and also rendered the "Storm Scene' on the piano.

Short talks were made by J. E. Cobb, attorney; Rev. Simms, New Orleans, and H. C. Conley and Dr. Dumas.

Everybody went home well pleased,and carried away with the treatment received in Washington.

DEDICATED TO MUSIC.

Boston, Mass., Sept. 23.— Symphony Hall, Boston's beautiful temple dedicated to music, was the scene of the opening session of the International Congress of Religious Liberals last night. Only five thousand of the eight thousand people who clamored for admittance were able to get in.

The scene within the hall was most inspiring. The floor seats were packed; from the balconies clouds of visible witnesses looked down; the spectators stood when they could not sit, and the open doorways were gorged with people unable to get any further in. Most of the delegates to the Congress attended, and from their places on the platform gave a remarkable cosmopolitan character to the pro eedings.

With the exception of Russia, nearly every important European nationaltiy had its representative at the meeting. Under the expansive canopy of four world faiths, Boston extended her hand in welcome to the Jew and the Gentile, to the African, the Mohammedan and the Hindu.

The rendering of Luther's classic hymn, "A Mighty Fortress Is Our God," by a chorus from the Handel and Haydn Society, prepared the meeting for its work, and the impression made by the burst of sacred music was deepened by the singing of Frederick L. Hosmer's opening hymn.

The first ripple of applause burst forth when Dr. Edward Everett Hale, Chaplain of the United States Senate,Boston's "grand old man," and Booker T. Washington came to the platform, Dr. Hale leaning heavily on the stalwart arm of the colored orator from Tuskegee. Only three speakers had been selected to extend greetings to the delegates who have come from every corner of the world—these two, and Dr. Thomas C. Slicer, of All Souls' Church, New York.

In referring to the three speakers, the Boston Herald said:

"In the addresses the Rev. T. R. Slicer, of New York, spoke to the intellect of the gathering, while Edward Everett Hale, whose reception was demonstratively affectionate, appealed powerfully to its heart. But for the foreign visitors the most interesting of all the pleas made for liberal religion was that uttered by an ex-slave raised by American opportunities "from a Virginia plantation to the platform of the International Congress of Religious Workers and Thinkers."

It was reserved for the ex-slave, the Negro educator and orator, to shake the great audience out of its Sunday demeanor. To Dr. Hale it had risen and extended the Chautauqua salute, but when the Tuskegeean strode to his place at the front the great audience instantly, as by one impulse, came to its feet and vigorously welcomed him by handclapping, the waving of handkerchiefs and canes, while the foreign delegates on the platform mounted their chairs for a good view of the man whose fame is as well known to them as it is to his own countrymen.

Dr. Washington's address was a message of "Good Will to Men," pregnant with rich thought and optimism. He is the only American Negro to appear before the Congress, in company with such men as those named and, in addition, President Eliot of Harvard, Dr. Carroll D. Wright, Dr. George A. Gordon of the New Old South Church, Boston, and the foreign university professors and religious teachers, as he was also the only Negro present, along with his secretary, Mr. Emmett J. Scott, and Mr. Charles Alexander, of Alexander's Magazine, at the great reception at the Somerset Hotel, Monday evening, at which time brief addresses were made by Hon. Curtis Guild, Jr., Governor of the Commonwealth, Professor Montet, the retiring president of the International Council; Sir William B. Bowring, Bart., president of the British and Foreign Unitarian Association; Dr. Meyboom, of Groningen; Professor Reville of Paris; Professor Pfleiderer, of Berlin, and other friends.

THE BEE — AND WHAT HONEST PEOPLE THINK OF IT.

2112 M Street Northwest, Washington, D. C., September 20, 1907.

Hon. W. Calvin Chase,
City.

Sir:—

I have been waiting the arrival of your collector for some months, but seeing he has not come up to this time, I decided I'd take some steps to find out just how much I owe The Bee,and settle the same.

According to my account I will owe you for two years on the 30th day of April, 1908. Since you have been so punctual in sending it, I take this means of paying for it.

I regard The Bee as a strong publication, its editor a fearless man, one who is on the alert for the best interest of his people and the public in general. Yes; your paper is one of the best publications of the race, and should be read by all the people.

To assure you that I am not saying this to ingratiate myself into your good graces, I herewith send you a check for four dollars, and kindly insist that The Bee be continued to hum around my door.

Trusting that your very useful life will continue to be spared and spent in the interest of our race, I beg to remain a subscriber,

James M. H. Young.

REPUBLICAN RALLY.

The rally of the Republicans of the District of Columbia will take place at Grand Army Hall Friday evening, October 25th. The committee on program will make the announcement of the speakers very shortly.

Music will be furnished by the Monumental Orchestra, Prof. Charles Hamilton, leader. Special provisions will be made for ladies who desire to attend.

REV. CORROTHERS OUT.

Rev. Sylvester L. Corrothers, D.D., the distinguished and well-known pastor of Galbraith' A. M. E. Zion Church, who has been quite ill for several days, is able to be out and around again, to the gratification of his numerous friends and well-wishers.

CHARITY FAIR.

One of the largest fairs that has ever been given in this city will take place in the New Auditorium of the Grand Lodge, Eighth street between E and G streets southeast, beginning October 7 and ending October 18. The patrons of this organization should not fail to purchase tickets at once. There will be a change of programme each evening.

CHIEF GRIFFIN REAPPOINTED.

The Grand Fountain of the United Order of True Reformers of the U. S. A. has reappointed W. R. Griffin as chief of the Washington division of the order, to succeed himself, and Dr. W. L. Taylor, G. W. M., in compliance with the order of the Grand Fountain, has given him his commission. Griffin came to this city and assumed charge of the local division of the True Reformers, October 1, 1903, on an order transferring him from the Cincinnati (Ohio) Division. The board of auditors that passed on his accounts recommended his reappointment on the ground that his books showed that without loss he had handled the following amounts annually, while in charge of the Washington Division. From October 1, 1903, to 1905, $30,000; during the year 1905, $36,372;year 1906, $40,905.58,and during the present year 1907, to September 10, $38,633.21; making a total of $145,810.79.

In submitting his annual report of the District work he said, among things: "I am glad to report this division in an excellent working condition, and the prospects seem bright for next year."

The local order gave a reception at True Reformers' Hall last evening to M. T. Bailey, chief of the Chicago Division, and Mrs. Luella Young, of the same city, and Rose Bud lecturer of the Western Grand Division; J. S. Settle, formerly of this city and Alexandria, Va., now deputy of the Wheeling (W. Va.) Grand Division. The past officers council and Rose Bud board of one hundred extended the reception to their guests, who were returning home from the meeting of the Grand Fountain at Richmond, Va., and from the Jamestown Exposition.

DU BOIS AT SHILOH.

Monday evening at Shiloh Baptist Church, L street between Sixteenth and Seventeeth streets northwest, Dr. William E. Burghardt DuBois, general secretary of the Niagara Movement, will deliver an address in which he will deal with many present-day problems, with special reference to their bearing on the hopes, aspirations and struggles of the Negro race. Rev. J. Milton Waldron, D.D., pastor of the church, will preside; Rev. F. J. Grimke, D.D., will read the Scripture lesson; Rev. A. C. Goiner will offer prayer; Hon. John F. Cook will introduce Dr. DuBois; Rev. Walter H. Brooks, D. D., will make a short speech, and Rev. T. J. Brown will pronounce the benediction. The Amphion Glee Club will render a few musical numbers, and Mr. Raymond Murray, of Alexandria, Va., will give a cornet solo. The meeting is under the auspices of the Niagara Movement of the District of Columbia, and Mr. L. M. Hershaw, secretary for the District, has charge of the arrangements. No admission will be charged, though a silver offering will be taken at the door.

WHERE JUDGES MUST GO TO JAIL.

"I spent a week in jail before I entered on my judgeship," says a New York jurist. "I ate the prison food. I slept in a cell. I conformed with all the prison rules. I wore the prison clothes. I did the prison work.

"Thus I learned the value of the sentences I was to mete out later on. I got to know what a week, a month, a year, in jail meant. As a result I am more merciful than most judges.

"I think it would be a good thing if every judge, before taking office, would spend a little while in jail, as I did. He then would know the value of prison sentences, a thing he doesn't know now. Now he is like a cashier who attempts to pay out money in a coinage of which he is ignorant.

"In Baden this thing I speak of must be done. Every judge in Baden, before he takes his seat on the bench, is required by law to pass two weeks like a common prisoner in jail.

If the Police Court judges would only follow the above example.—Ed.

At Atlanta, Ga., to show how foolish the whites are, they have made it unlawful to use wine at the Communion table. After a while they will lay off which path to travel either to heaven or the other place.

By a recent decision of C. P. Grandfield, Acting First Assistant Postmaster General, letter carriers are not required to deliver mail above the second story in office buildings or business blocks not equipped with elevator service.

CREDIT FOR ALL WASHINGTON.

Beautiful Furniture, Rich Floor Coverings·

CREDIT

You can always obtain whatever you wish here on your own terms of settlement. We invite you to have your purchases charged and grade the payments to suit your income. Opening an account here is a simple matter, for we require no notes or bond, and make no inquiries about you. The bills can be paid at the store—in fact, we only send collectors upon special request.

CREDIT

Just the same as your home reflects your tastes and ambitions, our mammoth establishment reflects ours. Our ambition is to carry the all-round best stock of Housefurnishings in Washington and to give the best and truest values. We study each piece closely before buying it and examine it critically before placing it in our show rooms. We are pleased to be able to say that our new fall stocks come nearer to our ideals than any we have shown previously. Beauty, quality, and value are apparent in each individual piece, and the tout ensemble makes an exhibition that will interest anybody who takes pleasure in artistic home surroundings. We shall welcome a visit from you and shall be delighted to show you the new patterns and ideas, and whether you wish to buy or not will make no difference in the cordiality of our welcome. You will find everything here that can help to furnish a home and a splendid assortment in every line. All prices are marked in plain figures so as to indicate comparison with what others charge. Carpets we make, lay, and line free, and we do not charge for the waste made in matching figures.

PETER GROGAN,

817-19-21-23 Seventh Street. Bet. H and I Sts.

SPECIAL

FOR EVERY THREE BUSH-ELS OF COAL PURCHASED AT OUR YARD WILL GIVE ONE PECK OF COAL *FREE* DURING THE COLD WEATH-ER.

COLUMBIA COAL AND ICE COMPANY,
FIFTH AND L ST., N. W., Near K Street Market.

Leland Giants Base-Ball and Amusement Assn.

Now Organizing—Capital Stock

$100,000

The Stock-Holders of the Leland Giants Base-Ball Association, has concluded to dissolve that Association in order to give room for the former, with it's increased Capital for the purpose of buying a **Permanent Home For The Leland Giants Base-Ball Club and Establishing For All The People, The Only First Class, Up-To-Date Amusement Park, With It's Theater (Light Opera), Figure Eight, Shoot The Chutes, Minature Ry, Electric Theater, Dance Pavillion, Roller Skating, Hurley Burley, Double Swing, Boating, Auto Riding,** and all the latest fun making devices and laugh producing concessions, together with a **First Class Summer Hotel,** large enough to accomodate 1000 guests, at it's present location, 79th and Wentworth Ave., twenty (20) minutes ride on the Electric Cars to the Loop District in Chicago.

The Public is Base-Ball mad, and amusement Crazy. Stocks have doubled in value in a single season. **Millions** can be made by those **Who Take Stock In This New Enterprise.**

Are You In Favor Of The Race Owning And Operating This Immense And Well Paying Plant, Where More Than 1,000 Persons Will Be Employed, between May and October of each year, where you can come without fear and **Enjoy The Life and Freedom** of a **Citizen** unmolested or annoyed? The **Answer** can only be effectively given by subscribing for Stock in this Corporation. it has been made purposely low so that all **Loyal Members** of the Race can have a Share and Interest in this **Twentieth Century Enterprise. Think of it, Shares Only Ten (10.00) Dollars Each. You Squander More** than this amount **Any Holiday** around Amusement Parks and Public Places, where you are not wanted and never welcome. **Come!** buy and build one of your own by filling out the attached Coupon and mail with Ten Dollars to the Leland Giants Base-Ball and Amusement Association. Do it to-day so that we may commence to build.

Leland Giants Base Ball & Amusement Assn. 6258 Halsted Street, Chicago, Ill.

Mr Beauregard F. Moseley; Treas:-

Enclosed please find $_____

which I am sending as Part (or infull) as subscription fee for _____ shares of the Capital Stock of the Leland Giants Base Ball and Amusement Association.

I agree to pay $_____ per month until the full amount $_____ has been paid, at which time I am to recieve my stock certificate.

N B.
All payments on Stock Accounts must be made to the order of Beauregard F. Moseley, Treasurer, 6258 Halsted Street, Chicago, Illinois. All Stockholders are entitled to preferance as employees and should inform the Treasurer with their final remittance of their intentions to apply for employment.

For further information address Leland Giants Base-Ball and Amusement Assn. 6258 Halsted St Chicago Ill.

Name _____

Address _____

City _____

State _____

SERVING THE FOWL

TWO DELICIOUS WAYS OF PREPARING CHICKEN.

When Pressed It Makes as Fine a Dish as Could Be Desired—Steamed with Rice and Mushrooms.

Pressed Chicken.—Cover a young fowl, cut in joints, with boiling water, and let simmer until tender, together with a few slices of carrot, half an onion, and a stalk of celery. Remove the skin and bones, and return them with the broth to the fire, and let simmer until reduced to about one cup; strain and set aside. When the flesh is nearly cold, cut into tiny cubes or chop fine; remove the fat from the broth, reheat, and stir the chicken into it, adding salt and pepper and other seasoning as desired. Decorate a mold with slices of hard-boiled eggs; in this pack the hot chicken, cover with a buttered paper bearing a weight, and let stand until cold and set. Serve, sliced thin, with salad.

Steamed Fowl with Rice and Mushrooms.—Truss a fowl for boiling, rub with the cut side of a lemon and lay on slices of salt pork or bacon and steam with an onion and two or three stalks of celery until tender—three hours or longer. Have ready a mound of boiled rice, seasoned with butter and salt, and dispose the fowl upon this. Arrange mushrooms cooked in the usual manner about the rice. Serve with the strained chicken liquor, thickened with flour and enriched with two egg yolks, beaten with a half cupful of cream.

Jellied Chicken.—Boil a chicken and let it get cold in the liquor. Skim the liquor from every particle of fat. Remove all the skin and bones from the chicken and cut the meat into pieces of uniform size. Soak a half-cup of gelatin in a half-cup of cold water. Mix with the chicken a dozen stoned olives cut up small and two dozen canned mushrooms, also cut small. Bring the chicken liquor to a boil, add the soaked gelatin and when this is dissolved take from the fire and set aside to cool. When it begins to "jelly," pour a little of it into a mold wet with cold watetr, put in a layer of the chicken mixture and when this begins to stiffen add more of the jelly and more of the chicken, continuing in this way until the mold is full. Set in the ice chest for 24 hours. When ready to serve wipe off the outside of the mold with a cloth wrung out in hot water and turn the chicken out upon a chilled platter.

Cleaning Rings.

Rings set with precious stones should always be inspected from time to time to ascertain if the gems are at all loose, especially in the case of claw settings. It is also a good plan to wash them periodically in warm soapsuds, to which a few drops of sal volatile have been added, an exception being made, however, in the case of turquoises, which should not be dampened. In every case the claw settings should be cleaned by means of a wisp of blotting paper rolled into the form of a shading "stump" and worked into the interstices so as to clear them of any accumulation of dirt.

The First-Aid Valise.

The latest production of those purveyors who are always inventing something useful for the motorist is called the first-aid valise. It is a small but very useful pendium of remedies for bruises, cuts and other ills that may, alas! befall the traveler on an automobile.

Rolls of lint, flasks of cooling lotions, scissors, a small bottle of brandy and other items of first-aid utility are contained in a little leather box, the color of which must be determined by the lining of the car.

Sunshine Cake.

Three-quarters cups of butter and two cups sugar creamed, yolks of ten eggs, two and one-half cups flour, two teaspoons baking powder, one cup milk, one teaspoon of lemon or orange. Bake in steady oven 50 minutes and frost with yellow frosting, made of the yolk of one egg, one tablespoon water and one teaspoon lemon or orange flavoring. Add confectioner's sugar till thick enough to spread.

Bedroom Set in Applique.

Bedroom sets in shadow-work applique are charming, and may be used over white or colored linings, and the effect of these filmy embroideries over highly polished woods must be seen to be appreciated.

In laundering this class of work it must be pulled and smoothed into place before it becomes dry.

A cloth should be placed between it and the iron, and the pressing continued until the article is thoroughly dry.

A Picture Hint.

A pretty fancy is the use of shallow boxes in the framing of small prints. Photographic views, carefully colored with Japanese paints, are set in boxes one to one and a half inches deep. Some of the prettiest of these are set in gray wood, the tint of weather exposed shingles. The colorings of the photographs is not difficult to learn. The amateur photographer will find this a suggestion for utilizing summer vacation "takes" for the decoration of a special room or for charming and inexpensive Xmas gifts.

To Remove Scorch.

Any article which has become scorched in ironing, if placed directly in the sun, will be restored to its natural color. No trace of the scorch will remain.

SALAD WITH THE MEAT.

Combination That Will Be Pronounced Excellent.

Shred finely half a small head of crisp, tender cabbage and a crisp cucumber, an onion, two sweet peppers; exclude the seeds and compartments where seeds rest; a stalk of celery, all shredded and mixed. Use the accompanying mayonnaise: One cup sweet milk, one teaspoon granulated sugar, a dash of cayenne and white pepper; thicken when at boiling point with a heaped tablespoon of corn starch; when cooked, remove from the fire. Add one tablespoon olive oil, one tablespoon good butter, one tablespoonful any favorite salad dressing, and two tablespoons lemon juice or best cider vinegar. Salt to taste. Keep on ice until served. Place a slice of tomato on top of each plate and your mayonnaise over all.

COFFEE FRAPPE IS GOOD.

Necessitates Only a Little Work with the Freezer.

Prepare a pint of strong, black coffee; boil granulated sugar with enough water to dissolve it until it almost strings, add this to the coffee and place the mixture in a freezer. The amount of sugar must vary according to your taste; it should be sweetened to about the same point that you like breakfast coffee; no more. Turn the dasher of the freezer first to right then to the left, alternating the movement and scraping down the mixture from the side of the freezer as it begins to harden. When it looks like rock crystal, that is, semi-transparent and showing little sharp points, heap in glasses and serve immediately with very thin wafers that are not too sweet.

For a Back Porch Shade.

A simple and inexpensive shade for the summer porch, or for a window, may be made by using Japanese matting, cut in the required length and bound at each end with a piece of strong cotton goods. To roll the screen up take two pieces of heavy string or cord about three times as long as the matting; tack the end of each string about two inches above the shade and about a foot from the edge; let the string come down behind the matting and up in front of it, and draw through an ordinary matting tack placed just beside the first one. This simple device will keep the porch cool and serve to darken any specially sunny window in the house. Good matting for this purpose may be bought for 10 to 12 cents a yard.

Rochester Pudding.

Set to boil one cup of canned, shredded pineapple, one cup of water, one-half cup of sugar. Wet three tablespoonfuls of cornstarch with three tablespoonfuls of cold water. Stir this into the boiling pineapple syrup and boil five minutes. Take from the fire and cool one minute. Beat the whites of three eggs, fairly stiff, and then beat into the boiling mixture for two or three minutes. Pour into a mold and set to cool. Serve cold with boiled custard sauce made as follows: Pour two cups of boiling milk on the beaten yolks of three eggs and three tablespoonfuls of sugar. Cook in a double boiler until as thick and smooth as cream. Cool and flavor with one teaspoonful of vanilla.

To Wash Greasy Flannels.

The best way to wash greasy flannels is to soak them for half an hour in soapy water. The water should cover the garment and should not be allowed to get cold while the flannels are soaking. Add a good quantity of ammonia to the soapy water and place a cover over the tub or receptacle where the flannels are soaking. Wash in a second fresh lather and then rinse thoroughly.

Spice Cookies.

To one cup of sugar add one-half cup of butter, one egg, beaten; one-half cup of sour milk; one-half teaspoon baking soda; one-half teaspoon baking powder; one-half teaspoon cinnamon; one-half cup chopped raisins; a little nutmeg; one-half cup chopped English walnuts, and two and one-half cups of flour. Roll out thin. Bake slowly.

Cheese Wafers.

One cup sugar, three tablespoons shortening, two-thirds cup milk, three-fourths cup grated cheese, one egg. Flour to roll (about two cups, but flour differs); one teaspoon baking powder. Roll very thin and bake in quite a quick oven. Watch carefully as they burn easily. Nice for lunches.

Delicious Junket.

To make junket, heat half a pint of new milk to 100 degrees Fahrenheit. Add a grating of nutmeg and a quarter of a junket tablet dissolved in a tablespoonful of water. Mix and turn at once into a little cup. Allow it to "set" and then place in a cold place. Serve with a little cream.

Grape Juice Punch.

Make a pint of strong lemonade, sweetening with boiled sugar-and-water syrup. When cold add a quart of bottled grape juice and pour over a block of ice in a bowl; add bits of sliced orange, lemon and pineapple—Harper's Bazar.

Bacon Rarebit.

Take one pound of good American cheese, wet it with a cupful of ale, put it in the pan over the fire, melt and work smooth and creamy by constant stirring. Add a generous dash of cayenne and pour over hot toast and on the top of each piece lay a thin crisp slice of bacon.

SOME CORN RECIPES

FOR THOSE WHO ARE FOND OF DELICIOUS VEGETABLE.

Boiled in Milk Is One Excellent Way of Preparing It—In the Form of an Omelet—Served as Pudding.

A nice way to cook tender corn is in milk. In this case husk the corn and drop into the boiling milk. Cook just five minutes from the time it begins to boil. Keep covered closely while cooking and serve as soon as done. Where there is a large family to be provided with corn, it is wiser to cook the corn in relays.

Indian Corn Pudding.—Select firm, fresh ears of corn, medium size, and with a keen-bladed knife score each row of kernels, then scrape out the pulp, leaving the hulls on the cob. To the pulp taken from a dozen ears allow a pint and a half rich milk, four beaten eggs, a teaspoonful salt, a half teaspoonful pepper, and if the corn lacks sweetness two or three tablespoonfuls sugar. Bake in a well-buttered deep earthen dish for two hours, in a slow, steady oven.

Corn Fritters.—Cut the kernels from four good-sized ears young corn. Add two beaten eggs, half a teaspoonful salt, a saltspoonful pepper, a cup of flour pressed down and heaped a little, and a cup of cold milk. Have ready a hot frying pan well greased and drop in the batter by spoonfuls. There should be enough for a dozens. Do not let the fritters touch. Cook in relays, frying on one side four minutes, then turn and fry the other. These are delicious as an accompaniment for chicken or to serve for breakfast.

Green Corn Omelet.—Score the rows of four large ears of corn and scrape out the pulp. Mix with five well-beaten eggs, whites and yolks together, one tablespoonful cream, half a teaspoonful salt and pepper to season. Heat a frying pan, drop in a tablespoonful butter and grease every portion of the sides and bottom. Pour in the omelet and tilt the pan, sliding a thin-bladed knife under the omelet to prevent its sticking. When nearly cooked on top the stove, set in the oven to finish. Then fold over and turn on to a hot platter.

Broiled Sweet Corn.—Boil the ears of corn two minutes, then drain and dry on a towel. Place on a broiler and toast over glowing coals or under the gas flame until a good brown. Season with salt and send to the table in a napkin.

Baked Corn.—Take off the coarse outer husks from young corn, turn back the inner and remove the silk. Bring the inner husks back over the end, tie in place and lay in the oven. Bake about 20 minutes.

What to Do with Left-Over Corn.—Cut from the cob, then chop very fine. Put over the fire in a shallow basin, adding milk to moisten slightly. Let it just come to a boil, no more, or it will be hopelessly toughened; season with salt, pepper and butter, and serve at once.

Damson Cheese.

Stew Damson plums until tender, then drain off the juice and remove the skins and stones. To the pulp add half the juice, weigh it, then boil until it is a dry paste. Stir in six ounces of sugar to every pound of fruit and keep stirring until the mixture will leave the sides of the kettle and adhere to the spoon in a solid mass. If it will yield to the finger without sticking when touched it is done. Turn into glasses or china molds. This is fine for meat or game, and many prefer it to currant jelly.

Clean with Gasoline.

Boleros and blouses of velvet, and, in fact, any small articles fashioned of this material, may be easily cleaned at home by means of gasoline. The greatest care should always be exercised, however, in handling gasoline, owing to its highly inflammable nature and the receptacle containing it should be stored outside if possible, and must be kept tightly corked, while the cleaning operations should be carried on out of doors.

Dainty Bedspreads.

To make dainty bedspreads, cut sprays of flowers from cretonne and sew raw edge on cotton cloth of any preferred color for background. An old white sheet may be used as a background. Over this throw a plain net spread, with a deep flounce, hemmed or edged with lace.

Panned Baked Apples.

Wash, quarter and core and put in baking dish. Sprinkle over them one-half cup sugar to each four apples, add one-half cup water, cover the dish and bake till tender. If cooked slowly and longer will be prettier color.

Dessert for Children.

A wholesome dessert for children and one easily prepared is made of fairly thick slices of bread buttered and covered with molasses or maple sirup and placed in the oven for a few minutes until hot.

Wash-Tub Wisdom.

When washing a woolen shawl do not wring it or pull it out of shape. Wring it out carefully by hand, laying it inside of a clean towel, and dry it by pinning it to a cloth on a table or on a bedspread.

Grease on the Oiled Floor.

Put baking soda on a grease spot on an oiled floor. Let soda remain for several minutes. You can then wash the soda and the grease off with warm water.

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Any article that you may select will be laid aside and delivered when wanted. Experienced clerks. Polite attention.

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WATCHES.

We mention here but a few of our specials.

Gentlemen's 20-year-Gold Filled American Stem Winders and Setters, $10.

Ladies 20-year Gold Filled Stem Winders and Setters, $10.

Gentlemen's 14-carat Solid Gold American Stem Winders and Setters, as cheap as $35.

Children's Solid Silver Watches with Pin Attachment, $3.50; regular price, $4.50.

Ladies Solid Gold Watches, Open Face, $8.00.

Boys' Solid Silver Watches, $5 up.

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Prices in the Diamond market are advancing, but *our prices have not been advanced* in some time. We still have a large collection of superb Diamonds which we bought a considerable time ago at lower prices than prevail today.

We shall not advance prices on these stones. We are merchants and not speculators and our fair percentage of profit is all we ask. So, as long as these Diamonds last, it will be possible to buy them here under the regular market for fine stones.

Ladies' Diamond Rings, $5.00 to $150.00.

Ladies' Diamond Broaches, $5.50 to $1,000.

Diamond Earrings, $15.00 to $500.00.

Diamond Scarf Pins, $7.00 up.

Diamond Cuff Buttons, $7.00 up.

Diamond Studs, $10.00 up.

We have Ladies' Handsome Diamond Rings set in Tiffany Mounting which we are selling at $30.00. This will make an appropriate present for Christmas. Every stone a ball of fire.

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Clocks of all makes—American, French and German. We have a Clock as cheap as $5.00—must be seen to be appreciated. All Clocks kept in order for two years.

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Gents' Solid Gold Signet Rings, $3.50 up.

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Ladies Solid Gold Crosses, $4.00 up.

Gents' Solid Gold Lockets, $4.00 up.

Ladies' Solid Gold Bracelets, $5.00 up.

Ladies' 14-Carat Gold Filled Lockets, $2.00 up.

We engrave the monograms on them in the highest style of the art.

SILVERWARE

Silver Tea Sets, $10.00 up.

Silver Cake Baskets, $4.00 up.

Silver Cups for Children, $1.25 up.

Silver Baking Dish, 7.00.

Silver Butter Dishes, $3.50 up.

Silver Pickle Castors, $3.00 up.

The above silver is the Genuine Rogers, which speaks for itself.

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We have the largest line of Catholic Goods in the city.

Genuine Pearl Rosaries, 35 cents up.

Genuine Pearl Rosaries, strung on Fine Silver, with Solid Silver Crucifix, 75 cents up.

Emerald, Sapphire, Garnet, Ruby, Jade, Turquoise, Topaz, Crystal, and Coral Rosaries, strung on 14-Carat Gold-Filled Chain, $4.00 and $5.00. Will make a handsome Christmas present.

Solid Gold Rosaries, Genuine Stones, $25.00.

Rosaries for special devotions viz.: Immaculate Conception, St Ann's, St. Philomena, St. Anthony, Seven Dolors, Infant of Prague, St. Joseph, etc., with prayers either English or German.

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High quality at low prices, such as Key of Heaven, Manual of Prayers, St. Vincent's Manual, Vade Mecum, Sacred Heart, Following of Christ (by Kempis), Bibles, Old and New Testaments, etc. We have them in cases suitable for bridal or Christmas presents.

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Eight-Day Sanctuary Oil, $1.10 per gallon.

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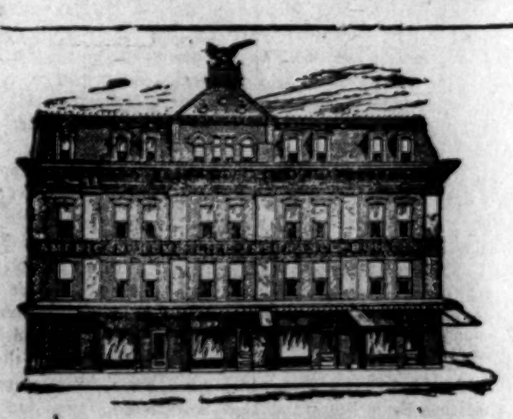

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GLENN, BORN FIGHTER

NORTH CAROLINA GOVERNOR A PICTURESQUE CHARACTER.

Has Become Widely Known as Result of War With Railroad Company —Called "Too Democratic" by His Enemies.

New York.—That Robert B. Glenn, governor of North Carolina, had the backbone to stick through a fight to the finish did not surprise those who knew him down in the Tar Heel state. Whatever his faults, a dislike for fighting had never been one of them.

When once he took the stand, right or wrong, that he would force the Southern railway to obey the new state law limiting the passenger rate to 2¼ cents a mile, only strangers, political adversaries and corporation followers foretold any outcome but victory, at least temporary, over the railroad interests and the federal courts.

Glenn had fought to get the Democratic nomination for governor in 1905; forcing the support of the party politicians by appealing directly to the voters in a campaign covering every corner of North Carolina, and then he had pressed his case against the Republican nominee so energetically that he carried the state by its full Democratic plurality, barely less than 50,000, although in recent years there has been a tendency toward Republicanism, by reason of the growing manufacturing interests.

Besides, nearly everybody in the state had heard his promise after the election.

"I have an ambition," he had said, "to show North Carolina that a governor can do something besides pardon criminals.

With this assurance, and knowing his fighting instincts, people around him were expecting "something to drop" at the first opportunity. That opportunity came when the Southern railway refused to obey the rate law.

Because of it, whether his side is good or bad, his arguments sound or faulty, Glenn of North Carolina has

GOV. R. B. GLENN.
(North Carolina Executive Who Won Rate Fight with Railroad.)

come to be one of the most talked about men in the United States.

Long before Glenn got to be governor, he learned how to fight. As he grew older, however, his combative instincts were limited to the courtroom and the campaign. In both he has been rarely a loser.

Incidentally, he served his present foe, the Southern railway, as an assistant division counsel less than five years ago. He also represented the Western Union Telegraph company and other corporations. It was no secret at the time of his election, that the Southern and the rest of the corporations rejoiced over his success. They thought he was on their side.

Gov. Glenn was born in Rockingham county, on Aug. 11, 1854. His father, a farmer, well-to-do and sprung from an old family, was killed in the civil war. His mother, who was a woman of both culture and common sense, mortgaged the farm to send her son to college.

He attended a high school at Leaksville and went to Davidson college. After that he took the law course at the University of Virginia.

From the time of his marriage to Miss Nina Deaderick in Knoxville, Tenn., on Jan. 8, 1878, Mr. Glenn practiced law in Winston-Salem, N. C.

Glenn was elected to the state legislature in 1881. That was his first trial at politics, and he has been at it continuously ever since. His term as solicitor, an officer who corresponds to district attorney in New York, except that several counties are covered, was in 1886. He was a Grover Cleveland elector in 1884 and 1892, and Mr. Cleveland appointed him a United States district attorney.

A side interest, meanwhile, was the state militia, and Glenn helped to upbuild the Winston-Salem riflemen, holding commissions as captain and major between 1890 and 1893.

Even his bitterest enemies call him honest. That he has enemies has been attributed to his extreme democratic manner. "Too little dignity," one used in referring to him.

Always clean-shaven, almost bald, weighing slightly less than 200 pounds, and standing just under six feet, Glenn is the picture of sociability, almost jollity. He talks well, and seems to like people, though he had the reputation of neither entertaining nor being entertained before he was governor. He has no hobbies in the way of diversions, unless long walks may be catalogued.

STATUE WITH ODD HISTORY.

Ancient Product of Sculptor's Art Wrecked by Soldiers.

Washington.—One of the most valuable and remarkable statue in the United States is owned by Mr. Lot Flannery, the well known sculptor, whose studio is on B street, west side of the capitol grounds.

For many years this ancient production of the sculptor's art has stood immediately opposite the entrance to Mr. Flannery's studio, and has been the subject of inquiry from thousands. Headless, armless, broken and defaced, the statue gives evidence of the wonderful and masterly skill of the sculptors who produced masterpieces

Statue as It Is Today.

of works of art before the time of Christ, for there is undisputed evidence that this statue is the work of ancients.

Many years ago Commodore Boyle, of the United States navy brought the statue from Athens, Greece, where for more than 2,000 years it had escaped the despoiling hand of the barbarian and other invaders of that ancient city. The commodore secured an authentic history of the work of art and valued it as one of the treasures gathered in his travels throughout the world. He kept the statue for several years and then presented it to his brother, Dr. Boyle, one of the men who made White Sulphur Springs, Va., famous as a watering resort for the wealthy people of the United States.

The statue, then unbroken and beautiful, was securely placed over the main entrance to the large hotel which was owned and managed by Dr. Boyle. Having for untold generations originally graced the front of some Greek temple, it now looked down season after season on the modern social gayety of a popular American resort. Dr. Boyle received numerous offers from rich patrons to purchase it, but all of these he declined to consider, as he knew its history and its value.

The statue remained over the hotel entrance until the breaking out of the civil war. A number of union soldiers were encamped near the Springs and the spirit of having a "little fun" occupied a good portion of their camp life, active warfare not having set in. One day a crowd of the soldiers decided to pull down the "lady in scant raiment." With a long rope they lassoed the head of the valuable statue and with a strong pull it was toppled over and fell to the hard stone pavement, breaking off the head, arms, a portion of the drapery and otherwise damaging it. Not satisfied with this the soldiers rolled it to the large lawn and set it in position as a target for rifle practice. To this day the once beautiful sculpture shows where the leaden missiles from hundreds of rifles and muskets marred its smooth surface.

When the war closed Dr. Boyle had the broken statue boxed and shipped to Washington, where it again became the property of his brother, Commodore Boyle had the broken statue boxed and shipped to Washington where it again became the property of his brother, Commodore Boyle. Mr. Flannery, the sculptor, was on terms of friendship with Commodore Boyle and succeeded in getting possession of the statue and having it removed to the yard which surrounds his studio.

Word Derivations.

"Cow juice" is a slang term for butter in many parts of the United States. But the word "butter" itself almost certainly means something very like that by derivation. It is true that Pliny considered "butyrum" to be a Scythian word, but it seems clear that it was really Greek—from "bous," a cow, and "turos," cheese, and meant literally "cow-cheese." "Buttery," by the way, has nothing to do with butter, in spite of appearances, just as "pantry" has no connection with pans. The latter is the storing place of bread ("panis"), and the former is the late Latin "botaria," the place of the "butts" or casks.

Herr Krupp's Grandson.

Bertha Krupp, Germany's richest heiress, married for love, and hence her success in maternity makes a romantic world glad that all goes well with her and her boy. By the time he is a man and comes into his inheritance of a business now great chiefly by reason of its success in making weapons of war, will inventors and aerial navigators have altered the output of his factories? Or will successive councils at The Hague have forced the conversion of industry at Essen into a manufactory of plowshares and reaping hooks, metaphor-

OLD BRUTON CHURCH

LONGEST IN CONTINUOUS USE IN UNITED STATES.

Gifts from President Roosevelt and King Edward to Mark Celebration of Three Hundredth Anniversary of Establishment.

Richmond, Va.—October of the present year will be memorable in the history of old Bruton Parish church, in Williamsburg, Va., because of the announcement made a year ago that King Edward of England will present to the church a Bible and President Roosevelt a lectern in commemoration of the three hundredth anniversary of the establishment of permanent English civilization with the English church on this continent.

October has been chosen as the most appropriate month of the tercentennial year for the presentation because the general Episcopal convention will be held in this city that month. Dignitaries of the church will journey to the old capital on October 5, when the presentation ceremonies will take place.

The lectern which is to be the gift of President Roosevelt has been completed and accepted. It is the work of J. Stewart Barney, of New York, and is to support the Bible which will be the gift of King Edward. Rising from a symbolic base is the angel of peace, whose upraised hands and folded wings support the desk of the lectern. The figure stands on a globe, with one foot resting on Great Britain and the other on the United States. The globe in turn is supported by the British lion on one side and the American eagle on the other. Between these figures is the coat of arms of the English Washington family.

Each of the three tablets at the base of the lectern bears an inscription.

The Archbishop of Canterbury was authorized to select the Bible, which

Lectern Presented to Bruton Parish Church by President.

will be especially and appropriately bound and inscribed. This mark of royal esteem is to be presented to Bruton church in view of the fact that Bruton is the official successor of the church in Jamestown, of which until recently nothing was to be seen except the old tower. The old Jamestown church has been completely restored during the present summer, as has also Bruton Parish church.

While the Jamestown church in the course of the years had disappeared altogether, except for the tower, Bruton church remains to-day as it appeared 200 years ago, the recent restoration being confined entirely to the inside of the edifice.

King Edward will be personally represented at the presentation ceremonies by the English ambassador to the United States. The president will also attend.

Bruton Parish church is the second oldest in the United States and the oldest in point of continuous use. It was the court church of colonial Virginia from 1699 to the revolution. Here, in silk panoplied pews, worshiped the colonial governors, two of whom lie buried in the aisle of the church. And here, in that part of the church bought and paid for by the Virginia house of burgesses, worshiped Washington, Jefferson, Monroe, Madison, Henry, Marshall, Mason, Tyler, Bland, Lee and many others.

The present church was built in 1715, during the rectorship of the Rev. Commissary Blair, official representative in Virginia of the Lord Bishop of London and the founder and first president of the College of William and Mary. The work of restoration, which is now completed, leaves unchanged the exterior of the church, but the interior, which was changed and distorted by architectural and social conditions which no longer exist, has been restored to its ancient form and architecture, the present completed church conforming as nearly as may be, both inside and outside, to the exact appearance the structure presented 200 years ago. The whole is intended to be transmitted to the following generations as it was planned and used by the founders of the colony.

A FENCE OF GUN BARRELS.

Ancient Government Arms Ornament a Georgetown, Va., Home.

Washington.—Historic old Georgetown, Va., lays claim to the only fence in the world built of gun barrels, and there is little reason to doubt that this claim will go undisputed.

More than half a century ago there lived in Georgetown a lock and gunsmith named Reuben Daw, whose shop was on M street, in the business section. His large shop was packed with all kinds of pistols, guns and knives, which he had bought at different times, and many a trusty firearm bought from him may yet be found in the old homes of Georgetown. These old citizens will say: "I bought this gun from Rube Daw before the war, and she's as good and true as the day I bought it."

There are old citizens who will remember the armory established at

Fence Made of Gun Barrels.

Harper's Ferry by the United States. Here was made the first breech loading rifles, but which proved rather tricky and dangerous weapons. Other makes of guns were turned out at the arsenal to take the place of the Hall rifles, and these were called in and stored.

The government decided to dispose of the worthless guns at the armory, and a public auction was held. Reuben Daw, the Georgetown gunsmith, attended the sale and bought a large number of the guns, having them shipped to his home. He sold a few of them and then decided that he would utilize the stock on hand in building a fence around his two houses at the corner of Twenty-eighth and P streets, he then occupied the residence immediately on the northwest corner. Mr. Daw took the barrels from the stocks, and placed in the end of each barrel a forked fancy topping, thus making upright iron and steel pickets about as substantial and attractive as any used in building the fences around the old mansions in Georgetown. He had the posts and other portions of the fence manufactured to order, and with his own hands he did the larger part of the work in putting up his gun-barrel fence, which to-day is in almost perfect condition.

On some of the old barrels may yet be seen the sights, but most of them have been broken off by souvenir hunters, as have also been taken away many of the top pieces. The two splendid brick and stone dwellings are occupied by the families of Charles and Edward Daw, sons of the man who built the historic fence.

NOISE SUPPRESSION HER FAD

Mrs. Rice Goes Abroad to Study European Municipal Regulations.

New York.—Mrs. Isaac L. Rice, president of the Society for the Suppression of Unnecessary Noise, sailed for Southampton the other day. She was accompanied by her daughters, the Misses Dorothy, Marion and Marjorie.

While abroad Mrs. Rice will study

MRS. ISAAC L. RICE.
(President of Society for Suppression of Noise.)

European municipal regulations for the suppression of noise. She will return to this country in time to attend the first fall meeting of the anti-noise society, to be held the first Monday in October.

Grow Trees.

All the forestry in Great Britain that amounts to much is done by the owners or managers of the great estates. But it seemed to be agreed that there was a good deal of land in Scotland that would grow trees and that would grow no other marketable crop. And Mr. Burns expressed his personal opinion that there ought to be a British school of forestry. That looks like a plausible proposition, when taken in connection with the fact that Great Britain raises $15,000,000 worth of merchantable timber and imports $150,000,000 worth.

TAUGHT BY UNCLE SAM

OLD TREASURY OFFICIALS WIN SUCCESS IN BANKS.

More Than One Employe of Government's Financial Department Has Entered Some Big Institution and "Made Good."

Washington.—Uncle Sam's financial system must be sound, for the men who hold prominent treasury positions are most sought after material. The department of which Mr. Cortelyou is now the head, has developed into a sort of breeding place for chieftains of the great banks of the country.

From the time a man becomes secretary of the treasury or even gains one of the assistant places, he becomes a marked man on part of the big financial institutions.

Immediately they all want him, and he must be liberally supplied with cash and patriotism to refuse the kind of offers they make. Salaries they extend far outclass the comparatively modest payment that Uncle Sam allows. It is small wonder, therefore, that one by one they succumb and quit Washington for New York, Chicago and other financial centers.

The recent selection of George E. Roberts, director of the mint, to be president of the strong Commercial bank of Chicago, is an instance of this tendency. Perhaps the directors figured that if he were skillful enough to make money for Uncle Sam, he ought to know how to take care of it for them. Hence the election.

Despite his ability, Mr. Roberts might never have come to this preferment but for the prominence that political life gave him.

This is a good practical argument for a young man to get into politics, and act honestly in the public service, not for the immediate return, but for the chances it will make for him with big financial interests where a salary of $25,000 is considered very modest.

The man whom Mr. Roberts succeeds made his fame in Washington. He was James H. Eckles, comptroller

FRANK A. VANDERLIP.
(Vice President of National City Bank, New York.)

of the treasury under President Cleveland. He resigned in 1898 to accept the presidency of the Commercial bank, and he held the post to the time of his death recently.

Another comptroller of the treasury, Edward S. Lacey, looked to Chicago like the kind of stuff to which financiers are made, and he was attracted from Washington to assume control of the Bankers' National bank. This was 15 years ago, but his services have become so valuable that to-day he is still in charge, but at a much increased salary over the figure he was paid when he first came from Washington.

Frank A. Vanderlip, once a machinist, later a newspaper man, who first came into prominence as the business associate of Lyman Gage, is another example of a United States treasury official taken from the public service because a private corporation needed his work.

A place had to be especially created for him in the National City Bank of New York, famous as the institution from which the Standard Oil company handles its banking business. This bank has a capital of $25,000,000, and its deposits are eight times as great, which makes it the leading financial institution of the United States. The office of vice president, formerly merely an honorary title, was developed into a place second only in power to the president for Mr. Vanderlip.

In his change from Uncle Sam to a private corporation as an employer Mr. Vanderlip followed the lead of his old chieftain, Lyman H. Gage, former secretary of the treasury.

Gage, when appointed to the place by President McKinley, was highly rated in Illinois as a financier of first rank, but the remainder of the country, while it knew his name, had never ranked him among the giants.

But from the time he took hold of the nation's finance he found himself a much-sought for man, and eventually he capitulated, and took the presidency of the United States Trust company.

The man who came after Mr. Gage in the high office of guardian of the country's cash, Leslie M. Shaw, of Iowa, had an experience much similar to that of Mr. Gage.

Just Any Man.

Miss Gaddie—She says she will never marry until her ideal comes to her and says: "I love you."

Miss Knox—Yes, I know.

Miss Gaddie—But what is her ideal?

Miss Knox—A man, of course.—Philadelphia Press.

BISHOP OF LONDON IS COMING.

Dr. Ingham to Attend Tercentennial of American Episcopacy.

London.—Rt. Rev. Arthur Foley Winnington Ingram, lord bishop of London, has announced his intention of attending the three hundredth anniversary celebration of the founding of the Episcopal church in America, which is to be held at Richmand, Va., in October. He will be accompanied by Rev. Dr. Henry Montgomery of London, secretary of the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel.

Bishop Ingram has taken great interest in the progress of the Episcopal church in the United States and has watched its growth with great

LORD BISHOP OF LONDON.
(British Episcopal Prelate Who Will Visit the United States.)

pleasure. He will be one of the guests of honor, according to the invitation extended to him, and he is preparing an address to be delivered at the tercentennial. Bishop Ingram is a high churchman.

Dr. Montgomery was brought from Tasmania, where he held a bishopric, to become the secretary of the great English religious society for the spreading of gospel teachings throughout the world. He has held the office of secretary for six years and under his direction the organization has increased tremendously. While he was bishop of Tasmania it is said he traveled 180 days a year on horseback visiting his many parishes and looking for the development and extension of the church in miners' camps and new settlements.

PERSIAN TOWER OF SILENCE.

Place Where Dead Are Laid Rarely Seen by White Man.

London.—The accompanying picture is made from a photograph taken on the flat roof of a Parsi "Tower of Silence" in central Persia, where the Parsis dispose of their dead. It is very rarely that a white man has the opportunity of seeing the interior of a tower of silence, indeed, once it is dedicated, not even a living Parsi may enter.

The tower is built of mud upon a rocky hill, and whitened inside and out with "gatch," a sort of native lime, much used in all Persian buildings. The doorway is built half way up the massive wall. It is made of a single block of native granite, turning on a pivot, and is only about four feet by three and a half feet. The tower shown here was finished and dedicated in April, but the doorway has since been destroyed by the Mohammedans, who did considerable damage to the tower itself as well. Therefore, before it can be used for burial it must be ceremoniously cleansed and rededicated.

Where Parsis Dispose of Their Dead.

The interior is paved with granite slabs, on which the bodies of the dead are laid. The two outer circles consist of 86 slabs, and there are five circles with narrow footways in between each circle. The inner circle has smaller slabs for childrern, numbering 45.

Fine Work on Botany.

What is probably the finest work on botany ever published has recently been issued from a Leipzig press to the order of the Brazilian government. It consists of 40 volumes, comprising 130 parts, with 20,733 pages, dealing with 40,000 species of flora found in Brazil. The work was begun in 1819 by Martius, and has been built up by no less than 65 authors.

A GRAND MASONIC CHARITY FAIR.

To be given under the auspices of the CHARITY COMMITTEE of the Grand Lodge, F. A. A. M. of C

—at the—

NEW AUDITORIUM,

Eighth street between E and G Sts., S.E.

Beginning Monday, October 7, 1907;

Ending Friday, October 18, 1907.

New attractions each evening.

Come and vote for your favorite.

MONUMENTAL ORCHESTRA,

Prof. Charles Hamilton, Leader.

Season tickets, 50 cents.

Single admission, 10 cents.

Doors open at 7.30 P. M.

Tickets for sale at The Bee Office.

Grand Opening Night, Monday, October 7th, by the Most Worshipful Grand Lodge and the Subordinate Lodges, F. A. A. M., escorted by the Grand and Subordinate Commanderies of the District of Columbia. The Grand and Subordinate Commanderies of Baltimore, Md., and Wilmington, Del., have been invited to attend. The Grand and Subordinate Chapters of the Order of the Eastern Star, and Courts of Heroines of Jericho, nUited Supreme Council, A. A. S. Rite, and the Grand United Order of Odd Fellows are also invited.

Tuesday night, October 8, Social Lodge and Ionic Lodge, F. A. A. M.; Mt. Vernon Chapter, R. A. M.; Miriam Chapter, O. E. S.

Wednesday night, October 9, Felix Lodge and James H. Hill Lodge, F. A. A. M.; Union Chapter, R. A. M.; I. B. P. O. Elks.

Thursday night, October 10, Hiram Lodge and Charles Datcher Lodge, F. A. A. M.; Prince Hall Chapter, R. A. M.; Simon Commandery, K. T.; Young Mens Protective League.

Friday night, October 11, Eureka Lodge and Prince Hall Lodge, F. A. A. M.; St. John's Chapter, R. A. M.; Mt. Calvary Commandery, K. T.; Prince Hall Chapter, O. E. S.; Banneker Relief Association.

Shriners' Night, Monday, October 14. Mecca Temple, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, Nobles from Wilmington, Baltimore and Alexandria are expected to be in line in full uniform.

Gethsemane Chapter, O. E. S.

Tuesday night, October 15, Meridian Lodge and St. John's Lodge, F. A. A. M.; Keystone Chapter, R. A. M.; Gethsemane Commandery, K. T.; Queen Esther Chapter, O. E. S.; Young Men's Immediate Relief Association.

Wednesday, October 16, Widow's Son Lodge and Lodge and John F. Cook Lodge, F. A. A. M.; Henderson Commandery, K. T.; Electa Chapter, O. E. S.; Crispus Attucks Relief Association.

Thursday night, October 17, Warren Lodge and Pythagoras Lodge, F. A. A. M.; Queen of Sheba Chapter, O. E. S.; Douglass Relief Association; Coachmen's Union Relief Association.

Friday night, October 18, Charles Datcher Chapter, O. E. S.; leading social clubs of the city.

Good Night.

LEGAL NOTICES.

JAMES F. BUNDY, ATTORNEY.

No. 14508. Administration.

Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, Holding a Probate Court.

This is to give notice that the subscriber, of the District of Columbia, has obtained from the Probate Court of the District of Columbia, letters testamentary on he estate of Hattie A. Johnson, otherwise Hatie Johnson, late of the District of Columbia, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 12th day of August, A. D. 1908; otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this 21st day of August, 1907.

Walter H. Brooks,
1425 Corcoran Street Northwest.

Attest: W. C. Taylor, Register of Wills for the District of Columbia, Clerk of the Probate Court.

James F. Bundy, Attorney.

HUGHES & GRAY, ATTORNEYS.

Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, Holding a Probate Court.

No. 14598. Administration.

This is to give notice that the subscriber, of the District of Columbia, has obtained from the Probate Court of the District of Columbia, letters testamentary on the estate of Julius Warren, late of the District of Columbia, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 17th day of July, A. D. 1908; otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this 22nd day of August, 1907.

Augustus W. Gray,
609 F street northwest.

Attest: W. C. Taylor, Deputy Register of Wills for the District of Columbia, Clerk of the Probate Court.

Hughes & Gray, Attorneys.

The Board of Education of Columbus has called for an opinion from the city law department as to the legality of separate schools for colored children.

HOWARD UNIVERSITY

SCHOOL OF MEDICINE.

1867. 1907.

Rev. Wilbur P. Thirkield, D.D., President. Robert Reyburn, M.D., Dean.

The Fortieth Annual Session will begin October 1, 1907, and continue eight months.

FOUR YEARS' GRADED COURSE IN MEDICINE.
THREE YEARS' GRADED COURSE IN DENTAL SURGERY
THREE YEARS' GRADED COURSE IN PHARMACY.
AN OPTIONAL FIVE-YEAR COURSE IN MEDICINE IS OFFERED.

Full corps of forty-five instructors. Well-equipped laboratories. The New Freedmen's Hospital just completed at a cost of $500,000 offers unexcelled clinical facilities.

The Second Session of the Post-Graduate School and Polyclinic will begin May 18, 1908, andcontinue six weeks for Medical Course and four weeks for Dental Course.

This School is connected with a Great University of Seven Departments; one thousand students, and over one hundred professors.

For further information or catalogue, write

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Call any evening at 5.30.

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Cor. 7th and I Sts., N. W.,

LEGAL NOTICE.

FOUNTAIN PEYTON, ATTORNEY.

SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA,
Holding a Probate Court.

No. 14586. Administration.

This is to give notice, that the subscriber, of the District of Columbia, has obtained from the Probate Court of the District of Columbia Letters Testamentary on the estate of Elizabeth Keckly, late of the District of Columbia, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 16th day of September, A. D. 1908; otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this 24th day of September, 1907.

Home of Nat. Asso., Eighth street above Berry Place Northwest, Washington, D. C.

Attest, James Tanner, Register of Wills for the District of Columbia, Clerk of the Probate Court.

Fountain Peyton, Attorney.

READ THE BEE.

ITEMS ON THE WING.

The time is here to support theBlack Press. The white papers, with some exceptions, give the Negro the wrong turn. There was a time the word was colored; now it is nigger.

Comrade R. D. Goodman, commander of Sumner Post, G. A. R., and party left Washington September 8 for the encampment at Saratoga, N. Y. The encampment was a grand success. Among the interesting features was the singing by Comrade W. H. Gray, colored, of Plymouth, Mass, "The Sword of Bunker Hill," by request of the whites present; also "Old Black Joe," at the ceremonies at the monument at Saratoga Battle Ground. During the ceremonies Comrade Goodman raised a small American flag. He was requested by a drunken white to lower the same; to the contrary, he raised it higher. There were over 4,000, both white and colored, present who had traveled considerable distance to be present. The vistors from the District of Columbia had an enjoyable time. There was plenty of camels' and goats' milk on the train for the accommodation of the party.

Rev. James Warren, W. M., of Hiram Abif Lodge, No. 1, F. A. A. M. Y. Masons, is up and out and much improved.

Rev. A. H. Samuels, of Shreveport, La., a prominent divine and newspaper man, in company with Brother Slams, of Columbia Lodge of Louisiana, under the District of Columbia Grand Lodge, visited the craft at their Sunday smoker at the hall, 1721 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. The brethren had an enjoyble time. Ill. H. C. Scott, Thirty-third Degree, Grand Master.

Rev. John Grant, a Methodist minister, in a quarrel over a hog, shot and killed Rev. Martin Glenn, a Baptist minister, at Galloway, Arkansas, last week.

Fifty cents per pound for butter is predicted. The egg supply is deficient. Milk has jumped up to ten cents per quart.

Recent reports show that 560,884 fewer Bibles sold than previous year. The translation is now in 409 languages.

Comrade R. D. Goodman, delegate to the U. V. U., which met at Saratoga, N. Y., was elected a member of the National Council of Administration to represent the District of Columbia.

Last Friday Mrs. Hawkins, wife of Comrade Hawkins, deceased, was buried from Asbury Church. Deceased was a prominent member of the Tents, Knights of Jerusalem; also the Womens Relief Corps. No. 3, G. A. R. There was a large number present at the funeral. Rest in peace.

From recent reports the inmates of Senator Cullom of Illinois thinks that Uncle Joe Cannon is the best candidate for President. In our opinion Uncle Joe has been receiving sufficient plums to retire from the public crib. The right of succession, as advanced by the present regime is un-American and more on the order of kingdoms and empires, etc.

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CLOTHING AND SUITS.
Ladies' Men's and Children's Millinery and Furnishings.
Easy Terms and Lowest Prices.
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The members of the National Personal Liberty League recommend their friends to patronize H. Dodek.

MOVING PICTURES.

Prof. H. C. Conley, manager of Conleys Great Moving Picture Show, Illustrated Songs, and Concert, the best and only one of its kind among colored, after having made a tour through the great West, Canada, and Mexico, just returned from the East, are now arranging dates for churches, societies, halls, etc.

Showing scenes of their travels, the progress of the successful Afro-American, and many others; interesting, laughable, and amusing scenes and songs. For dates, address Prof. H. C. Conley, 1928 Eleventh street northwest, Washington, District of Columbia.

Phone, Main 2524.

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BUFFET AND FAMILY LIQUOR STORE
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At last, science has discovered it. Every application makes the skin a shade lighter and softer.

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Send 10 cents for sample.

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Two nicely furnished rooms for gentlemen; all modern improvements; half block from Fourteenth Street transfer point; terms reasonable. No. 1348 Wallach Place, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth, T and U (You) Streets.

Prominent physicians highly recommend Christian Xander's TOMACA BITTERS (Medal Paris Exposition, 1900) Absolute cure for MALARIA FEVER, Dyspepsia and INDIGESTION. 75c. per bottle. 50c. full pt.

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GREAT DOUBLE VALUE DRUG

25c. Sanitol Tooth Powder, paste or liquid, 19 cents.
25c. Sozodont Powder, paste or liquid, 17 cents.
25c. Rubifoam, for the teeth, 19 cents.
25c. Lyon's Tooth Powder, 14 cents.
15c. Aromatic Tooth Powder, 10 cents.
10c. Chalk and Orris Root, 5 cents.
50c. Pure Glycerine, a fine product, full pound, 25 cents.
35c. Blaud's Iron Pills, 5-grain, 100 in a bottle 17 cents.
25c. Graham's Borated Talcum, the best powder made, pound can, 15 cents.
25c. Double Distilled Witch Hazel, full pint, 15 cents.
25c. Laxative Quinine Tablets, just the thing for that cold of yours, 15 cents.
25c. Phosphate of Soda—the liver tonic—pound, 12 cents.
25c. Sedlitz Powders, 1 dozen in box, keep perfectly, 15 cents.
25c. Dead Stuck, for bugs, 17 cents.
Pitcher's Castoria; elsewhere, 25c.; special, 15 cents.
Quinine Pills, best grade, 2-grain, 100 in bottle; elsewhere, 25c.; special, 18 cents.
Beef, Lron and Wine, elsewhere 50c.; special, full pint, 25 cents.
15c. Chloride Lime, disinfectant, pound, 9 cents.
Porous Plasters—Belladonna, Belladonna and Capsicum; elsewhere 10c., special, 4 for 25 cents.
$1.25 Zinc Douche Pans, 69 cents.
$2 Enameled Douche Pans, $1.19.
25c. Euthymol Tooth Paste, 17 cents.
10c Rose or Violet Cream, 8 cents.
10c. Camphor Ice, 8 cents.
25c. Rhinitis Tablets, 100 in bottle, 15 cents.
25c. Cherrifoam, makes teeth pearl, 19 cents.
Little Liver Pills, 7c., 4 for 25 cents.
25c. Espey's Cream, 15 cents.
25c. Sugar of Milk, full pound, 15 cents.
10c. Almond Cold Cream, 7c.; full pound, 49 cents.
Effervescent Phosphate of Soda; elsewhere, 25c.; special, 1-4 pound, 15 cents.
Lady Webster Pills, elsewhere 35c., special, 100 for 1" cents.
35c. Imported Combs, 21 cents.
75c. German Imported Combs, a great value, 49 cents.
$1 German-make Dressing Combs, coarse or coarse and fine, 69 cents.
3-grain Asafœtida Pills, 100 for 15c.; 5-grain, 100 for 25 cents.
50c. Olympian Massage Cream, 29 cents.
50c. Malvina Cream, 34 cents.
50c. Violæ Cream, 34 cents.
Williams' Shaving Soap, cake, 5 cents.
15c. Rat Bisket, 12 cents.
25c. Dentacura Tooth Paste, 17 cents.
$1 Shoulder Braces, 69 cents.
$2 White Maple Crutches, pair, 98 cents.
50c. Solution of Formaldehyde, full pint (Parke, Davis & Co.), 39 cents.
Denatured Alcohol, 95 per cent; pint, 10 cents.
15c. Toilet Paper, full pound roll, 8 cents.

..You can get it for less at our Store than elsewhere.

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Over 30,000 homes of our people have been filled with joy, because of the Protection of a great and powerful Union Order, which is using its strength and influence to secure better conditions for our people. This is the first and only great Union Order in this country, holding an International Union Charter from the Courts, which gives full Protection and Benefits to our race.

There is no color, race or sex discrimination in this Order. The negro has an equal standing with the white members, and can be elected to hold any office.* Every effort is made to advance the condition of the members, by securing equal opportunities to work with other workmen, to learn the trades and to have steady work at high wages and Union hours.

The Grand Lodge donates $100.00 for the burial of each deceased member. A fine monthly Journal is published. A Membership Book of the Order is recognized by all Lodges everywhere. Distressed members are assisted. Each member and Subordinate Lodge has the privilege of buying stock in the Order, on low monthly payments, said stock paying 8 per cent interest, guaranteed.

A Leading Negro Deputy is wanted in each locality, AT ONCE, to form Lodges, sell Buttons, take Journal Subscriptions, sell Stock and act as DISTRICT DEPUTY ORGANIZER. This work can be done in spare hours, but many are devoting their whole time and attention to it. Big money is made by good hustlers.

Write at once. State name of this paper, and enclose 10 cents for full information and postage. Address

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Formerly known as
"OZONIZED OX MARROW"

So STRAIGHTENS KINKY or CURLY HAIR that it can be put up in any style desired consistent with its length.

Ford's Hair Pomade was formerly known as "OZONIZED OX MARROW" and is the only safe preparation known to us that makes kinky or curly hair straight, as shown above. Its use makes the most stubborn, harsh, kinky or curly hair soft, pliable and easy to comb. These results may be obtained from one treatment; 2 to 4 bottles are usually sufficient for a year. The use of Ford's Hair Pomade removes and prevents dandruff, relieves itching, invigorates the scalp, stops the hair from falling out or breaking off, makes it grow and, by nourishing the roots, gives it new life and vigor. Being elegantly perfumed and harmless, it is a toilet necessity for ladies, gentlemen and children. Ford's Hair Pomade has been made and sold continuously since about 1868, and label, "OZONIZED OX MARROW," was registered in the United States Patent Office, in 1874. Be sure to get Ford's as its use makes the hair STRAIGHT, SOFT and PLIABLE. Beware of imitations. Remember that Ford's Hair Pomade is put up only in 50 ct. size, and is made only in Chicago and by us. The genuine has the signature, Charles Ford, Prest. on each package. Refuse all others. Full directions with every bottle. Price only 50 cts. Sold by druggists and dealers. If your druggist or dealer can not supply you, he can get it for you from his jobber or wholesale dealer or send us 50 cts. for one bottle, postpaid, or $1.40 for three bottles or $2.50 for six bottles, express paid. We pay postage and express charges to all points in U. S. A. When ordering send postal or express money order, and mention name of this paper. Write your name and address plainly to

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Mr. George V. Green, 303 S street northwest, the well-known harness dealer, has on hand one of the largest assortments of harness, bridles, saddles, etc., that you can find anywhere. Every coachman and horseman in the city knows Mr. Green to be one of the finest men in the city to deal with. The boys get the worth of their money at Green's.